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The Bombay Chronicle

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CHURCHILL DEMANDS CONFIDENCE VOTE

MR. CHURCHILL accepts full responsibility for the situation in Far East and demands a vote of confidence from the Commons.

FOR FAR EAST REVERSES HE ACCEPTS BLAME

WORSE MAY YET HAPPEN, HE WARNS COMMONS

BUT UNITED NATIONS WILL RETRIEVE POSITION

TO HAVE SCATTERED BRITISH RESOURCES WOULD HAVE MEANT RUIN

HERR HESS: He came to Britain to pave way for a Hitler peace, says Churchill.

LONDON, January 27.

Addressing the House of Commons this noon, Mr. Churchill said:

"I MUST ask to be sustained by a vote of confidence of the House of Commons. I think it is highly probable that we shall have a great deal more bad news from the Far East.

It is because things have gone badly and worse is to come that I demand a vote of confidence."

Mr. Churchill announced that the British forces in Malaya have been considerably reinforced in the last week.

Mr. Churchill said the mission of the Nazi Leader Hess was to contact "certain circles" to throw out "Churchill" so that Hitler could impose peace.

IMPERIAL WAR CABINET

Referring to the question of forming an Imperial War Cabinet Mr. Churchill said: "I have always been ready to form an Imperial War Cabinet, but some, including Field Marshal Smuts, would be unable to attend for some time. This will not affect the ultimate responsibility of British Ministers for policy."

He discredited all speculation about Cabinet changes and declared: "I am responsible if there are any deficiencies."

STORY OF FAR EAST

Discussing the situation in the Far East Mr. Churchill said: "There is no question of regarding the Pacific war as a secondary operation." And observed:

"The Pearl Harbour raid crippled for the time being the United States Pacific Fleet. Naval superiority in the Pacific and the Malaya Archipelago passed temporarily from the United States and Great Britain to Japan."

Mr. Churchill predicted that Japanese naval supremacy would last long enough for Japan to inflict many heavy painful losses on all the United nations with establishments and possessions in the Far East, but if we persevered, the situation would soon be reversed.

CHURCHILL'S SPEECH

Mr. Churchill spoke for 95 minutes and was heard by the High Commissioners of South Africa, Australia and Canada who were present in the distinguished strangers' gallery together with the Crown Prince of Greece and the Prime Minister of Belgium.

In the diplomatic gallery were the Ambassadors of the United States, China, Belgium, Spain, Brazil and Soviet Russia."

Need For The Vote

All galleries in the House of Commons were crowded long before the Prime Minister entered the Chamber to make his eagerly awaited speech. Mr. Churchill who was received with cheers said: "From time to time in the life of any Government there come occasions which must be clarified. No one who has read newspapers in the last few weeks about our affairs at home and abroad can doubt that such an occasion is at hand. Since my return to this country I have come to the conclusion that I must ask to be sustained by a vote of confidence from the House of Commons.

BAD NEWS FROM FAR EAST

We are now at the centre and among those at the summit of twenty-six united nations comprising more than three-quarters of the population of the globe. Whoever speaks for Britain at this moment must be known to speak not only in the name of the people, but in the name of Parliament and above all of the House of Commons.

We have had a great deal of bad news lately from the Far East and I think it is highly probable, for reasons which I shall presently explain, that we shall have a great deal more.

Wrapped up in this bad news will be many tales of blunders and shortcomings both in foresight and action. No one will pretend for a moment that disaster like these can occur without there having been faults and shortcomings.

I see all this rolling towards us the waves in a storm and there is another

(Continued on page 5)

Anglo-American War Pool

Combined Boards Formed For Munitions, Shipping And Raw Material

LONDON, Jan. 27.

A White Paper published to-day gives the text of three agreements concluded between the Prime Minister and President Roosevelt setting up bodies to deal with Munitions Assignments, Shipping Adjustment and Raw Materials.

The appointment of the following representatives on these Boards in London and Washington is announced:—

Munitions Assignments Board (at Washington): Mr. Harry L. Hopkins (Civilian Chairman). (London): Lord Beaverbrook.

Combined Shipping Adjustment Board (Washington): Admiral Emery Land. (United Kingdom): Sir Arthur Salter. (London): Lord Leathers.

Combined Raw Materials Board (Washington): Mr. William L. Batt. (United Kingdom): Sir Clive Baillieu. (London): Lord Beaverbrook.

By the Munitions Assignment Board the entire munition resources of Great Britain and the United States will be deemed to be in a common pool. Committees will be formed in Washington and London under Combined Chiefs of Staff in a manner similar to the Southwest Pacific Agreement.

The Shipping Adjustment Board means that in principle the shipping resources of the two countries will be deemed to be pooled. The entire movement of shipping now under the control of Great Britain will continue to be directed by the Ministry of War Transport. Similarly the appropriate authority in the United States will continue to direct the movements and allocations of United States' shipping.

The Combined Raw Material Board has been created to obtain planned and expeditious utilisation of the raw material resources of the United Nations in the most efficient and speediest possible manner.

The Bodies will confer with the representatives of Russia, China and such others of the United Nations as are necessary to attain common purposes and provide for the most effective use of joint resources.

MACKENZIE KING ACCUSES OPPONENTS

OTTAWA, Jan. 26.

Mr. Mackenzie King declared in the House of Commons that on the single issue of conscription for Army Service Overseas, the opponents of Government were seeking "to confuse the public mind" on the entire war effort.

ARMY EXPANSION SCHEME

Mr. MacKenzie King's announcement to the Commons concerning new army expansion means that a new armoured division—to be created by conversion of the present infantry division—and a new army tank brigade will be sent overseas in 1942.—Reuter.

EDITORS' CONFERENCE IN MARCH

NEW DELHI, Jan. 27.

The President of All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference, has fixed March 5 and 6 for the annual session of the conference, to meet in the premises of the "Hindustan Times," New Delhi, announces Mr. J. N. Sahni, Convener.

The Standing Committee of the Conference will meet on March 5.

The final date for receiving nominations for the Presidentship is Jan. 31, by which date all nomination papers are required to be at the convener's office.—A. P.

DEFENCE EXHIBITION TRAIN

MADRAS, Jan. 27.

The Defence Services Exhibition Train arrived in Madras this morning after visiting a number of centres in South India. Sir George Boag, Adviser to the Governor, inaugurated the demonstration.—A. P.

It is learnt that H. E. Sir Arthur Hope, Governor of Madras, will pay a visit to Delhi in the third week of February.

Lady Mary Herbert, wife of the Governor of Bengal, underwent a serious operation on Tuesday morning. Her condition is excellent.—A. P.

AMENDMENTS TO CHILDREN'S ACT

The question of smoking habits of delinquent children at Rescue Homes and industrial schools came up for discussion at the fag-end of the deliberations of the two-day Child Welfare Conference at the University Convocation Hall, on Tuesday.

Mr. S. B. Vaidya, District Magistrate of Surat, who presided over the Conference, said that this issue could be discussed by correspondence.

Problems regarding rescue and reclamation of women and girls, more humane methods of dealing with "incorrigibles", and provision for employment after the probation period were discussed at the Conference.

There was also discussion of a proposal, moved by Mr. Om Prakash Goel, Superintendent of the B. J. Home, suggesting amendment of the Children's Act, so as to enable children to get leave upto two weeks to a month in special cases.

PLEA FOR AMENDMENTS

There was also some discussion regarding the procedure to be adopted in dealing with children, who escaped from a certified school. The proposal of Mr. A. K. Khan, Inspector of Certified Schools, urging Government to suitably amend the Municipal Act, so as to ensure adequate contribution by the Local Boards for the maintenance of the District After-Care Associations, was adopted. The Conference accepted another proposal, also sponsored by Mr. Khan, suggesting adoption of prescribed forms giving full particulars about children to be admitted into any school or home, on a court's order.

In winding up the deliberations, Mr. Vaidya stated that the Conference put forward, for the first time, all the different aspects of the Children's Act. He appealed to the delegates of the city attending the Conference to pay visits to the districts and educate the people.

UNITED NATIONS' WAR EFFORT

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.

The White House has announced the creation of joint United States and British raw materials, munitions, assignments and shipping adjustments boards to "further the co-ordination of the United nation's war effort".—Reuter.

DE VALERA'S PROTEST

DUBLIN, January 27.

Mr. De Valera has protested against the arrival of American troops in Northern Ireland.—

Mr. De Valera's statement protesting against the arrival of American troops in Northern Ireland declared that the Eire Government had not been consulted either by the British or American Governments.

Twenty years ago, Mr. De Valera stated, the Irish nation had been partitioned by the British Government despite the expressed will of the people. When the United States was entering the last war President Wilson had declared that America meant to fight for Democracy and the rights of people's self-determination. The Irish people took him at his word and in 1918 had declared for independence.

Mr. De Valera said that the partition of territory of an ancient nation was one of the cruellest wrongs that could be committed against a people.

The partition of Ireland was in essence no different from that of Poland nor were the evils that flowed from it less than those which Abraham Lincoln foresaw from the projected partition of the United States when he had determined to prevent it by fighting one of the bitterest civil wars in history.

"The people of Ireland have no feeling of hostility toward and no desire to be brought in any way into conflict with the United States", the statement concluded.—Reuter.

INDIAN STUDENTS AND WAR

Br. & Czech "Colleagues" Commend Patna Decision

NEW DELHI, Jan. 27.

Mr. Checkland, President, National Union of Students, Great Britain has sent the following message to the Secretary, All India Students' Federation:

"We warmly welcome your declaration in support of the common struggle for the freedom of all peoples. We look forward to India playing a full part in the world of the future in unity and freedom."

The Czechoslovak Students' organisation in London has set the following message to the Secretary, All India Students' Federation:

"The Czechoslovak National Union of students greets the decision reached by our Indian colleagues at the All-India Students' Federation held on January 1 at Patna. Your declaration of unconditional support of the war against Hitler's treacherous attack on Russia and Japan's unprovoked aggression is greatly appreciated by Czechoslovak students. The Nazis have closed the Prague University and also the Oriental Institute, which spread the knowledge of Indian cultural treasures among Czechoslovak students. Your decision strengthens the united front of all freedom-loving nations and brings us closer to final victory."—A. P.

ACTION AGAINST AXIS FIRMS IN RIO

RIO DE JANEIRO, Jan. 27.

The police in the state of Rio De Janeiro yesterday closed nine German business firms and two Italian while confiscating all documents.—Reuter.

MALAVIYA'S TRIP TO WARDHA CANCELLED

BENARES, Jan. 27.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya will not be able to undertake the journey to Wardha to preside over the Gowseva Sangha which is to be held early next month owing to a weak state of health.—A. P.

Mr. M. N. Roy has sent a message of sympathy to Indians in Malaya.

Japanese Advance In Dutch East Indies

East Coast Of Kendari Region Occupied: MacArthur's Thrilling Encounter With Enemy Dive-Bombers In Philippines

BATAVIA, Jan. 27.

A 'communique' issued to-day records continuous Japanese air activity over the outer provinces but material damage inflicted was of no significance.

Certain points on the east coast of the Kendari region have been occupied by the Japanese.

Allied units recently arrived at a N.E.I. Port, states the Batavia radio.

An enemy battleship is believed to have been sunk during the bombing of a Japanese convoy in the Macassar Straits.

Jap Losses In Macassar Strait Battle

WASHINGTON: January 27.

The Navy Department reports that heavy hits have been delivered by United States' units on additional enemy destroyers and transports in the battle in Macassar Strait.

The sinking of the aircraft-carrier and the 5,000-ton ship is stated in Naval Quarters to be additional to all the sinkings previously announced and raises to 52 the total of Japanese maritime losses of all types by American action alone since the Pacific war started—assuming that the aircraft-carrier did sink.

The Navy Department says aircraft-carrier was torpedoed in the continuing battle with enemy convoys in the Macassar Strait and is "believed to have been sunk."

Tokio Admits It

TOKYO: The loss of four transports during action with Allied surface ships, submarines and aircraft off Balik Papan, Dutch Borneo, is admitted by the Japanese Imperial Headquarters.

In Philippine Theatre

A War Department Communique states:—

PHILIPPINE THEATRE: Practically no ground fighting in the Bataan Peninsula during the last 24 hours. Two of General MacArthur's aeroplanes engaged in a thrilling encounter with three Japanese divebombers. Two enemy planes were shot down and the third disabled. Neither of our planes was injured.

General MacArthur has also reported an unusual combat which occurred two days ago between two of his motor torpedo boats and a formation of enemy divebombers. When the officers commanding the torpedo boats observed two vees of enemy bombers approaching, they might easily have sought cover. Instead, they increased their speed placing themselves directly in line of flight of the second wave and engaged the planes. Fire from the boats dispersed the hostile aircraft. Three enemy planes were hit and when last observed were smoking losing altitude rapidly. The officers and men of these boats were cited by Gen. MacArthur for gallantry.—Reuter.

2 ALERTS IN SINGAPORE

BOMBAY, January 27.

Singapore radio reports that an air raid alarm was sounded in Singapore during the night and another this morning. No details are available.—A. P.

3 JAP SHIPS BOMBED

MELBOURNE, January 27

An R. A. F. communique issued on Tuesday says "Three Japanese ships in Rabaul harbour, New Britain, were damaged in a bombing attack on Monday night. Two were set on fire.

All our aircraft returned safely.

Japanese reconnaissance over New Guinea and Solomon Islands continued to-day."—Reuter.

IMPORTANCE OF RUBBER INDUSTRY

Mudaliar's Appeal To Producing Interests

NEW DELHI, Jan. 27.

An increase of raw rubber production in India and a reduction of rubber goods manufactured for civil consumption were among the needs of the present situation stressed by Sir A. Ramaswami Mudaliar, Commerce Member, in his address to a conference held here to-day of representatives of producing interests from Travancore, Cochin and Mysore and also of manufacturing interests.

Emphasising the importance of the rubber industry, the Commerce Member said that conditions in the Far East had so altered that producing and manufacturing interests in this country were called upon to play an even more important part than hitherto, and in the interest of the Allied war effort, the conservation of this commodity and its increased production had become a prime necessity.

It is understood that the conference made recommendations to the Government on the price at which rubber could be sold to manufacturing interests, on the restrictions that may be placed on manufacturing for civil purposes of certain types of rubber products in the light of the supply position of raw rubber and on the organisation through which rubber from miscellaneous sources may be purchased and allotted to manufacturing interests.—A. P.

SYDNEY, Jan. 27.

The Federal Government has given permission to the Supreme Council of Sarawak to function at Sydney where the Rajah Sir Charles Vyner Brooke is living.—Reuter.

BRITISH BATTLE SHIP SUNK

Loss To Mediterranean Fleet: Fate Of Capt. Cooke

LONDON, Jan. 27.

The Admiralty regrets to announce that H. M. S. "Barham" (Captain G. C. Cooke R. N.) flying the flag of Vice-Admiral H. D. Pridham-Wippell second in Command of the Mediterranean Fleet has been sunk

Vice-Admiral Pridham-Wippell is safe but Captain Cooke lost his life. Next of kin of the casualties were informed but the loss of the ship was not announced since it was clear at that time that the enemy did not know that she had been sunk and it was important to take certain dispositions before the loss of this ship was made public.

INFORMATION DENIED TO ENEMY

The German radio has, from time to time, made statements with the obvious intention of endeavouring to discover whether a battleship of the Queen Elizabeth class which they claimed to have hit with torpedoes had in fact been sunk. This information had been denied to the enemy for the reason given above, but it is clear that they are now aware that H. M. S. "Barham" was sunk.—Reuter.

300 OFFICES & RATINGS SAVED

LONDON.—It is understood that about 300 officers and ratings were saved from the battleship "Barham".—Reuter.

Soviet Sinks 2 Enemy Transports And Escort Vessel

LONDON, Jan. 26.

The Soviet night communique: "During January 26 our troops in fierce fighting, during which the enemy suffered heavy losses, continued to advance; our troops occupied several inhabited localities. During January 25, 20 German planes were destroyed. We lost five planes.

During Jan. 26 four German planes were brought down near Moscow. In the Barents Sea two enemy transports and an escort vessel were sunk by our submarines".—Reuter.

BURMA EVACUEE RELIEF COMMITTEE

NEW DELHI, January 27.

It is announced that the Committee of Indians formed in Rangoon to assist the Government of India's Agent in Burma in the work connected with evacuation, air raid relief, collection of information, etc., will consist of the following:—

Swami Punyananda, Mr. N. K. Karanjia, Mr. S. A. S. Tyabji, Rai Bahadur Virjee Daya, Mr. Habib Ghani, Mr. J. R. Chowdhury, Sardar Bahadur Dr. B. S. Dugal, Moulvi Syed Ibrahim, M.L.A. (Madras) and Mr. Ismail Yusuf. The Committee has the power to co-opt three other persons to represent any additional interests. An important work of the members of the Committee is to go round different areas and collect such information as possible of persons who are injured or are in need of relief.

CHITTAGONG.—Another batch of about 1,5000 evacuees from Rangoon and coastal ports of Burma, mostly women and children, has arrived here.

Jawahar For Gorakhpur

GORAKHPUR, January 27.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is going to Gorakhpur to inaugurate the Eastern Districts Cane-growers' Conference to be held at Ramkola on 31st January.

Indus Workers' Dispute

NEW DELHI, Jan. 27.

Reiterating that authorised Sukkur Barrage allotment of water was on the basis of the monthly mean withdrawals and not on the basis of the maximum daily withdrawals, Mr. Coltman, Sind Ccunsel, pleaded to-day before the Sind Commission that if the Punjab's contention that the Barrage allotment was maximum and not mean and sharing of shortages should be worked out on this basis was upheld by the Commission, Sind would be placed in a very disadvantageous position.

At the outset of the proceeding the Chairman, Sir B. N. Rao, said, statisticians had found that if for instance they attributed the February fall at Sukkur to the February increased withdrawals in the Punjab the ratio of the one to the other was 55 per cent but if they attributed the February fall at Sukkur to the January increased withdrawals in the Punjab the ratio was about 70 per cent. So there was a difference of 15% which he very much doubted whether it would make any material difference to the result.—A.P.

Questionnaire To Detenus

Satisfactory Answer To Govt. Circular May Lead To Release

POONA, Jan. 27.

Mr. N. M. Joshi, M.L.A. (Central), interviewed the six detenus recently repatriated from Deoli in the Yerawada Central Prison this afternoon with the special permission of the Government of India and discussed with them their grievances regarding their treatment in jail and also regarding the representation they had recently made to the Government for certain facilities in jail.

Among other things Mr. Joshi is understood to have discussed about some circular letters which the detenus have received from the Government to state their attitude towards certain questions and define their future course of action, a satisfactory reply to which might help in securing their release and to which the detenus are understood to have asked for time to reply.

Significance is attached in this connection to a recent statement by Sir Reginald Maxwell, Home Member of the Government of India, that Government was contemplating placing their cases before a high authority.

Mr. Joshi also interviewed the three women detenues in the Yerawada prison, namely, Miss Godavari Gokhale, Mrs. Nagris Batlivala and Mrs. Meenakshee Karhadkar.—A. P.

Adjournment Motion For Central Assembly

NEW DELHI, Jan. 26.

Mr. N. M. Joshi has given notice of an adjournment motion for the forthcoming Budget session of the Central Assembly to discuss "the unsatisfactory and inadequate action taken by the Government" regarding the release of political prisoners. Discussions were held at the last session of the Assembly.

RESOLUTION FOR NATIONAL GOVT. IN INDIA

Mr. N. M. Joshi's resolution recommending the establishment of a National Government at the Centre responsible to the Legislature has got the first place in the ballot for non-official resolutions held today for the forthcoming session of the Central Legislature

NON-OFFICIAL RESOLUTIONS

Messrs. Ghiasuddin and Lalchand Navalrai have drawn second and fourth places for a single resolution urging revision of the administration of the Income-Tax Department. Other places have been obtained by the following resolutions:—

Shaikh Fazlique Piracha's urging the appointment of an Indian Director of the Quarantine Station at Kamran, Red Sea, Maulvi Abdul Ghani's asking for a period to be fixed for "protection" to the sugar industry, Mr. A. C. Datta's demanding annulment of the by-election in place of Sardar Jogindra Singh, Sardar Sant Singh's recommending an enquiry into the disturbances during the Guru Teg Bahadur Singh festival in Delhi, Mr. M. A. Kazmi's urging the release of political prisoners and Mr. A. N. Chattopadhyaya's recommending the establishment of a railway tribunal to which railway employees could appeal.

February 12 is the first day for non-official resolutions in the Assembly Session.—A. P.

MADRAS GOVT. GRANT TO A. I. S. A.

MADRAS, Jan. 27.

The Government of Madras have sanctioned the payment of grant of Rs. 13,820 to the All-India Spinners' Association for establishing Khadi institute and workshop at Tiruppur, one of the principal spinning centres in South India.—A. P.

U. P. DETENUS FOR BAREILLY JAIL

BAREILLY, Jan. 27.

The first batch of the U. P. detenus from the Deoli Detention Camp numbering 19 arrived here yesterday and lodged in the Bareilly Central Prison. —United Press.

Late News

Australia's Confidence

MELBOURNE Jan. 27.

The Australian War Council is standing by in expectation of an early reply from Mr. Churchill to Australia's suggestion of an Empire War Council.

Some members of the War Cabinet are now feeling more confident about the New Guinea campaign.—Reuter.

Fighting In Rabaul

SYDNEY, Jan. 27.

The latest news from New Guinea reports that British forces have taken up new positions in the Rabul Peninsula where our militia men have been in action for the first time, states the Sydney radio.—Reuter.

ON MIDDLE EAST FRONT

CAIRO, Jan. 27.

A Middle East R. A. F. Communique says that despite severe sandstorms, imperial fighter aircraft were active over the entire battle area on Monday. Many vehicles were destroyed or severely damaged and heavy casualties inflicted.—Reuter.

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Young bachelor—Gazetted Officer—Now drawing Rs. 500/-. Brighter future prospects. Very presentable. Foreign travelled—Belonging to a highly respectable Hindu family of Northern India, invites correspondence with a view to matrimony—Write to Box No. 15693, "Bombay Chronicle."

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Service Securing Bureau:—The above bureau is established to get immediate employment to those who after even strenuous efforts fail to get employment suitably. To such we shall extend our helping hand for their easy establishments. The candidates catering for service should write for application forms with Rs. 7|- only towards registration fee and enrolment. On receipt of the same duly completed attempts will be made on their behalf in good faith to get them employed. If however, no substantial fruit is met with within three months the bureau promises to return the full sum paid at the expiry of the third month. Applications are invited from all places. Please write to:—Proprietor Service Securing Bureau c|o P. O. Box No. 213-A. Bombay. (15692)

68. FLATS TO LET

To Let—Light Airy Flat—To vegetarian Hindus only at "Cutch Castle", Sandhurst Bridge, near Tram, Bus and Train. One Hall, Two bed rooms, Three bath rooms, Kitchen. Rent Rs. 105|-. Enquire there to the Liftman or apply Telephone No. 21970. (15698)

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Dated 28th January, 1942. (15705)

NOTICE.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
and
THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that with effect from 2nd February 1942, the Banks' Head Offices and Local Brsnches will CLOSE at

On Week Days ..... 3-30 p.m.
On Saturdays ..... 12-30 p.m.

The hours of commencement of business at the Head Offices and Local Branches will remain as at present.

Bombay, 27th January, 1942.
H. C. CAPTAIN,
Managing Director,
The Central Bank of India, Limited.
(7197)

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Free. Special one Horse Race Tip. No charges beforehand. Write Box No. 15695, "Bombay Chronicle."

651 MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Persons interested in importing East African Cedar for Pencils may enquire Prithimall Balwant Rai, Commission Agents, Moga, Punjab. (15683)

653. MISCELLANEOUS WANTED.

Wanted second-hand Christis and Norris disintegrator. Apply to: East India China Clay Co., Nellikuppam, S. I. Ry. (15704)

ESTATE PROPERTIES

Wanted—To purchase for cash as going concern, efficient mineral water factory, located Bombay District. Give full particulars confidentially, Box 7206, "Bombay Chronicle."

CHEROOTS

Make U. S. Planters your steady smoke and enjoy extra mildness, extra coolness and extra flavour. Rs. 2-12 per 50. D. Merwan and Company, 74, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay. (15671)

Public Notices

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

CHANGES IN RATES & FARES.

IN ORDER that the Public may be advised when changes in Rates and Fares are introduced on the G.I.P. Railway, an announcement will be inserted in this paper from time to time notifying the issue of G.I.P. Rates Circulars, which contain all changes in Rates and Fares both in local and in through booking with other Railways. (7168)

NOTICE.

WANTED a MALARIA OFFICER for Bhavnagar Municipality Qualifications, L.C.P.S. or a higher degree with experience of Malaria Control. Pay Rs. 75—5|2—100 with Rs. 10|- allowance per month. A really experienced man may be started on full grade pay. Apply with testimonials stating age, caste, native place and year of passing before February 7th, to the President, CITY MUNICIPALITY. BHAVNAGAR. (7170)

ALLAHABAD BANK LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that from Monday 2nd February, 1942, the hours of business will be WEEKDAYS 10-30 a.m. to 3-30 p.m. SATURDAYS 10-30 a.m. to 12-30 p.m.

Agent. (7198)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by an Agreement, dated the 3rd day of April, 1941, made between Messrs. Shah Mehta and Co., being successors to the Royal Film Circuit of Bombay of the one part and our clients of the other part, the irrevocable exclusive first-run rights to exhibit All India premiere releases of five talkie films of the Cine Industries and Recording Co., Ltd., (also known as Circo Productions), to wit, "Swami", "Apna Ghar" "Mahatma Vidoor" and two others as mentioned therein (of which the said "Swami" is now being exhibited by our clients at the Majestic Talkies) have been booked to our clients for being so exhibited at the Majestic Talkies, Girgaum, Bombay, upon diverse other terms and conditions contained in the said Agreement. The said Agreement inter alia provides that none of the said five pictures shall be released as first run in Bombay or premiere release anywhere else in any other Theatre either directly or indirectly in any event whatsoever including that of sale outright, if any.

Any person, firm or corporation is, therefore, warned against dealing with any of the hereinbefore mentioned films of the Circo Productions in contravention or to the prejudice of our clients' rights under the said Agreement and is hereby informed that any such deal shall be at the risk and responsibility of any such person, firm or corporation.

The above Agreement is open for inspection at our Office at any time during Office hours.

Bombay dated this 26th day of January, 1942.

AMARCHAND & MANGALDAS,
Attorneys for Messrs. Beheram Namdar Marzban and Hatimbhai Dawoodbhai Basral,
Sub-Lessees of Majestic Talkies, Bombay.
(7194)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mrs. VIOLET MELLOR has contracted with my clients for absolute sale to them, free from all incumbrances the undermentioned property.

All persons having any claim whatever to the said property are hereby required to make the same known by writing to the undersigned at No. 1, Jamulvadi Bombay 2, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed and such claim shall be considered as waved.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land admeasuring 992 sq. yds. of the Wellingdon West Estate of the Catholic Co-operative Housing Society, Ltd., at Santa Cruz in the village of Danda within the Registration Sub-District of Bandra and being formerly Plot No. 20, subsequently plot No. 51 and finally Plot No. 34 of the Town Planning Scheme No. 4 and bounded as follows: That is to say, towards the North by Plot No. 35, towards the East partly by Plot No. 32 and partly by Plot No. 46, towards the South by public road.

The said Town planning Scheme being formed of Survey Nos. 38 69, 356, 360, 361, 362, 363.

The said property is now occupied by the Vendor and her tenants.

Dated the 27th day of January, 1942.

J. P. LOBO. (7196)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. NOORMAHOMED ABDULLA, of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of Leasehold land or ground with the messuages, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon situate, lying and being at New Chinch Bunder Road being Plot No. 125 of the Nowroji Hill Estate of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the City and Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 358 (Eight hundred and fifty-eight) square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 3184 (Part) Cadastral Survey No. 61|1721 Mandvi Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under 4 B Ward No. 4137 (7) and Street No. 76A and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by a Ten Feet Service Passage, on or towards the West by No. 16 Nowroji Hill Road, on or towards the North by the Plot No. 126 of the said Estate and on or towards the South by No. 1 Nowroji Hill Road.

Dated this 26th day of January, 1942.

AMBUBHAI & DIWANJI,
Purchaser's Attorneys
(7199)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN on behalf of our clients the SASWAD MALI SUGAR FACTORY, LTD., to the General Public that the Debentures Nos. 1 to 500 bearing date the 19th day of July, 1940 and purported to be issued by the Saswad Mali Sugar Factory, Ltd., in favour of the Asian Assurance Co., Ltd. were not and are not valid security and that the said Saswad Mali Sugar Factory Ltd. or its property is not bound by the said Debentures. The Public is warned that the said Debentures are no longer negotiable and that the Public should have no dealing in regard to the said Debentures (which are agreed by the said Asian Assurance Co., Ltd. to have been cancelled) and that the said Saswad Mali Sugar Factory Ltd. will not recognise or shall not be bound by any claim in respect or the said Debentures.

Dated this 27th day of January, 1942.

Messrs. SAMANT & CO.,
Attorneys for
The Saswad Mali Sugar Factory, Limited.
(7200)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

Petition No. 17 of 194z.

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of BIJLIBAI, daughter of Keshrinath Phaterphekar of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, prior to her death residing at Kotachi Wadi, Girgaum, outside the Fort of Bombay. .... Deceased.

(1) PIROZBAI JAGANNATH PHATERPHEKAR, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Crown Mansion "B" Forgett Street, without the Fort of Bombay and (2) KESHAVRAO TANAJI MANGAOKER, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at More Building, Lamington Road, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Petitioners.

ALL persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this twenty-second day of January in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and forty-two and in the Sixth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) G. G. MAHADEVIA,
For Prothonotary & Senior Master.

(Sd.) K. K. DASTUR.

The 22nd day of January, 1942.

Messrs. CHANDRASEN & CO.,
Petitioners' Attorneys
(7195)

Legal Notices

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that (1) THAKERSEY HIRJI NENSEY, (2) BHAWANJI ARJAN KHIMJI, (3) RAMESHWARDAS DHALURAM LOYALKA and (4) SANGHJIBHAI VIKAMSEY, the Trustees of the Deed of Composition, dated 7th February, 1940, (made between Karamsi Pacharia and Shamji Karamsi till lately carrying on business in the name and style of Messrs. Shamji Karamsi and Co., as Cotton Merchants and Muccadams at Chinchbunder Road, of the First Part and the said Trustees of the Second Part and the Creditors of the said Karamsi Pacharia and Shamji Karamsi of the Third Part)' all of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim in, or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease, lien, easement, or otherwsie is hereby required to make known the same in writing to us in our Office at No. 79-81, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax Land or ground (cess whereof has been now redeemed) with the messuage tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon situate, lying and being at Warden Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 690 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 52, New No. 1C|455, Old Survey No. 81, New Survey No. 8A|7131, Cadastral Survey No. 763, Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 3521 (2) and former Street No. 37A and present Street No. 61B and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Jairajbhoy Peerbhoy, on or towards the West by the property formerly belonging to Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim but now belonging to Mr. N. P. Engineer and another, on or towards the North by the property formerly of Shapurji Manekji and now of Khan Bahadur Dhanjibhoy Fakirji Commodore and on or towards the South by a passage.

Dated this 26th day of January, 1942.

DAMKEVALA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(7181)

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO.
Government Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF OFFICE FURNITURE, TYPEWRITERS, ETC.

Messrs GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers, will, under instructions from Messrs. G. A. Godambe & Co., Attorneys for Messrs. The Western India Life Insurance Co., Ltd., (Bombay) and on account and at the risk of Mr. V. K. Apparao of Messrs. Orient Phoenix Ltd., sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 31st January, 1942, at 1-30 P. M. (S.T.) at Western India House, 1st Floor Sir Phirojsha Mehta Road, Fort:—

Office Tables, Chairs, Office Cupboards, Remington Typewriters, etc.

Terms:—Cash and immediate delivery.

GANDHI & CO.

Q

To Quench your thirst for A 1 Entertainment WAIT FOR

PYAS

MURLI MOVIETONE'S
Matchless Motion Picture
Starring:
SNEHAPRABHA ISHWARLAL
Director:
RAM DARYANI
Produced at RANJIT
A SUPREME RELEASE
Shortly at
IMPERIAL

PUBLIC Announcement!

PATHE CINEMA Bombay

WILL

From NEXT SATURDAY (31st January, 1942)

Be Renamed and Conducted Under the NEW NAME of

SWASTIK
TALKIES

THE EDWARD
Daily At: 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
WADIA'S COMEDY ROMANCE
BAMBAIWALI
NADIA—JOHN CAWAS
TO-DAY MORN. AT 10
UNIVERSAL'S
STAGGERING THRILLER
FRANKENSTEIN

Enjoy The 'MOHORUM' HOLIDAY by Seeing
TULSI
THE GREAT FILM
That Makes Your
HEARTS HOLY!
Tulsi
'CIRCO'-Picture
Directed By GUNJAL
2nd MONTH
TO-DAY MATINEE 1 P.M.
NOVELTY
4, 7, 10 p.m.

5th Memorable Week!
RANJIT'S Social Hit!
"SHADI"
Director: JAYANT DESAI
Greatest Indian Love Romance of a wife's sacrifices!
WITH
MADHURI, MOTILAL, KHURSHID
Daily: 4, 6-45, 9-45 P.M.
CHITRA
Vincent Road, DADAR

AS POPULAR AS EVER
MINERVA'S
HISTORICAL
Sikandar
Director:—SOHRAB MODI
21
TWENTY FIRST WEEK
MINERVA
TO-DAY—4 SHOWS
Nos. 467, 468, 469, 470
(An Evergreen Release)

METRO
DAILY AT 3-15, 6-30, 9-50 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045
PLEASE NOTE THE MATINEE STARTS AT 3-15.
EVERY FOOT OF IT CRAMMED WITH DRAMA, SUSPENSE, THRILLS!

NOW
GARY COOPER
SERGEANT YORK
A NEW WARNER BROS. TRIUMPH
with WALTER BRENNAN · JOAN LESLIE
GEORGE TOBIAS · STANLEY RIDGES
A HOWARD HAWKS PRODUCTION
Produced by JESSE L. LASKY and HAL B. WALLIS

BROADWAY
(DADAR)
LAST THREE DAYS
SAGAR'S
Her Last Desire
Daily 4-15, 7 & 10 P.M.
TO-DAY MORN. AT 10-30
Universal's Thrilling picture
ROCKET SHIP
FROM SAT. 31.
PREM VEER
(MARATHI)

THE MOVING DRAMA OF FAITH
PRABHAT'S
SANT SAKHU
18TH WEEK at
CENTRAL
To-day: Hindi: 6-45 p.m.
Marathi: 1-30 4 & 9-30 p.m.
ZANANA SHOW
To-morrow at 1-30 p.m.

To-day Matinee at 1-30 p.m.
15 Fifteenth Popular Week!
SUNRISE PICTURES' Social Super!
Gharki Laj
IMPERIAL
Daily—4, 7 & 10 P.M.

'ROYAL JEWEL' No. 16 in DAUGHTER.
by showing them
"SWAMI"
स्वामी
ROYAL RELEASE NO.16
'HER LORD
'ROYAL' JEWEL No. 16 in
15TH WEEK
TO-MORROW ZENANA SHOW AT 1 P.M.
MAJESTIC
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.

ACCLAIMED
AS SOMETHING DELIGHTFULLY NEW
By BHARAT JYOTI
NATIONAL'S
Nai Roshni
Starring:
SARDAR AKHTAR & HARISH
10th Week
Daily: 3, 6 & 9 p.m.
PATHE

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

Party To Sir Shantidas Askaran

To meet the Hon. Sir Shantidas Askuran a garden party will be held at the Race-Course (Members' Lawn), on Wednesday, 4th Feb. at 5-15 p.m. Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas will preside.

POSTAL CLERK JAILED

POONA, Jan. 27.

Pandurang Ramchandra Purandare a clerk employed in the Shivaji Nagar post office who stood charged for misappropriating a sum of over Rs. 54,000 from the post office was sentenced yesterday by Mr. N. S. Lokur, district and Sessions Judge, Poona, to four years' rigorous imprisonment and Rs. 2,000 fine or in default further one year's rigorous imprisonment.

Purandare, it is stated, misappropriated the sum within the period of May 1940 to April 1941, during which time he was serving as a clerk in the post office.—A. P.

TABOOT PROCESSION & TRAFFIC PROBLEM: To-day (Wednesday) is the immersion day of the Mohorrum festival. Taboots will be taken in procession through Bandra Town and for this purpose the Ghodbunder Rd. immediately north of Mahim Causeway will be closed to vehicular traffic from 3 p.m. onwards. The Police will make special arrangements for North and South bound traffic.

Kulkarni's "Pakistan" Forfeited

The Government of Bombay has declared to be forfeited under Sec. 19 of the Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act, 1931, all copies of the book in Marathi entitled "Pakistan" written by Mr. Madhusudan (M. T.) Kulkarni because the book contained matter tending to promote feelings of hatred and contempt between communities and against Government.

PODAR SCHOOL PRIZE DISTRIBUTION DAY

On the occasion of the prize distribution ceremony of Seth Anandilal Podar High School, Santa Cruz, on Sunday, the audience was given a great treat of cultural and physical demonstrations by the boys and girls of the School.

The function was held under the presidentship of Mr. K. M. Munshi. Among the various items of the function were 'Lotus', 'Jivan-Rang,' 'Adhuri Ash' (Garba dances) and Chair-balancing exercises.

The prizes were distributed by Mrs. Lilavati Munshi.

THREE ARTS SPECIAL MUSICAL SOCIAL: To meet Dr. Agarwal, the eye specialist of Delhi, who will speak on "The Sun's Rays for Dimming Eyes". Atiya Begum will speak on "The Value and Relation to Sangit for Dimming Eyes." Mr. Mich de Souza has arranged a programme of music of Hawaiian Guitar and songs, on Sunday, Feb. 1, at 4-30 p.m. at Greens.

I·N 1·8216....

The Choice of our Ancestors

HUNTLEY & PALMERS famous BISCUITS will be the choice of the Future

SHIPMENTS WILL BE RESUMED WHEN WAR CONDITIONS PERMIT

"What do you recommend for Bronchitis, Coughs and Colds?"

ANGIER'S is the answer

If your chest is your weak spot; if you catch cold easily and are seldom free from catarrh or a cough, a course of Angier's will have a wonderful influence on your powers of resistance.

Angier's Emulsion is recognised everywhere as a standard approved treatment for colds, coughs, bronchitis, and all catarrhal affections of the respiratory or digestive system.

Angier's is soothing, and strengthening to throat, lungs, stomach and intestines, and it has a most invigorating tonic influence upon the general health. No other emulsion is so highly recommended for its inflammation-allaying and healing properties. It is the ideal tonic restorative after influenza. It promotes normal, healthy appetite, overcomes nervous depression, greatly increases vitality, and corrects bowel irregularities.

Angier's is the most palatable of all emulsions and agrees perfectly with delicate, sensitive stomachs. It is equally useful for adults and children.

"Result was very pleasing"

A Doctor writes. "I have to thank you for the Angier's. At the time, I was suffering from a cough which had hung on after a bad cold, so I decided to take the emulsion myself. The result was very pleasing – after a couple of doses the cough became free – expectoration easy — and in a few days it had gone altogether. I am now prescribing it in my practice with good results." (Sgd.) ——, M.B., Ch.B

Of all Chemists and Bazars in two sizes.

Angier's Emulsion contains no animal oil, and in its preparation is untouched by hand. It is therefore acceptable to all castes and religions.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Magh Shud 11, 1998
Muslim: Moharrum 10, 1361
Parsi: Amardad 26, 1311.
Sunrise 7-15 a.m.; Sunset 6-28 p.m.
Hightide 8-32, 22-38; Lowtide 3-32, 15-14.

THURSDAY: Jan. 29

Municipal Standing Committee: 2-30 p.m (B.T.). Municipal Corporation: 3 p.m. and 8 p.m. (B.T.).

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

IMPERIAL—"Gharki Laj": 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Chandan": 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Dhandora": 3, 6 & 9 p.m.
REGAL—"This Woman is Mine": 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
SUPER—"Sheikh Chilli": 1-30, 4, 7 & 9-45
KRISHNA—"Khazanchi": 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Sant Sakhu": 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
METRO—"Sergeant York" 3-15, 6-30 9-30 p.m.
NEW WEST END—"Doctor": 4, 7 & 9-45 p.m.
NOVELTY—"Tulsi": 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Jhoola": 3, 6-30 & 9-45 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Lydia": 4, 6-30 & 9-30
MAJESTIC—"Swami": 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA—"Shadi" 4, 6-45 & 9-45 p.m.
PATHE—"Nai Roshni": 3, 6 & 9 p.m.
EDWARD—"Bombaiwali": 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Footsteps in the Dark": 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Sikandar": 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Murder at Monte Carlo": 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
BROADWAY—"Her Last Desire": 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Payachi Dasi": 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.

GOVERNOR ON AIR TO-DAY

The Governor of Bombay will broadcast on A.R.P. from the Bombay Station of All-India Radio at 8-30 p.m. to-day.

TATVADNYAN MANDAL: At 6-30 p.m. at Shri Vithal Mandir Vaidyawadi, Thakurdwar Rd., Prof. S. Y. Abhyankar will speak on "Hindu Marriage System."

S. I. ASSOCN., MATUNGA: Mr. R. V. Sharma of Malabar will deliver a lecture on "Economy During War" at 6 p.m. at the Association premises.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: A public meeting for questions and answers at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, opp. Flora Fountain.

KEERTAN VIDYALAYA, DADAR: A public Keertan by Keertan Bhushan Mr. G. G. Bhosekar at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) on account of Ekadashi at the above institute, Vaidya Road, Dadar.

MAULANA MUSLIM'S LECTURE: A "Vaiz" on "Shajar-e-Nabooat Ke Fal" at the mosque of the Sunni Khoja Jamat, 102, Tantanpura St., Khoja Mohalla, at 9 a.m. (B.T.).

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS: Her Excellency the Marchioness of Linlithgow, accompanied by Lady Lumley visited Kirkee and Poona and visited the following hospitals: The Indian General Hospital, Kirkee, the Indian Military Hospital, Poona and the British General Hospital, Poona.

EXCURSION TO MADH FORT: An excursion has been arranged to Madh Fort on Sunday, 1st February. The party will start from Grant Rd. Station by train leaving Churchgate Station at 7-30 a.m. and reaching Andheri at 8-15. Those desirous of joining the party should enrol their names with Mr. R. K. Bakshi of Express Radio Service Ltd., Ramchandra Mansion, Sandhurst Rd. (Tele. No. 45448) on or before Friday, the 30th inst. The subscription is Rs. 2/8 for Nation's League of Penfriends' members and Rs. 3 for guests, payable in advance.

SANTA CRUZ CONG. COMMITTEE: The Independence day was celebrated on Monday in Saraswat Colony. At 8 a.m. flag salutation ceremony was performed. After it Shrimati Gangaben Patel, the President of the Committee, read out the Independence Pledge, which the audience repeated. A public meeting was held in Koppiker Hall when Shrimati Gangaben Patel explained the pledge. Mass spinning programme was also carried out and national flags were sold.

MARWADI CLUB, MATUNGA: Independence Day was celebrated at Agrawal Nagar on Monday. At 9 a.m. Mr. B. N. Maheshwari unfurled the national flag and all present took the Independence Pledge.

Mr. Iqbal, son of Mr. M. K. Azad, has been admitted for training for King's Commission in the Indian Army.

ON THE AIR

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 28.

Delhi I—Programme.

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

4-30 p.m. For Indian troops in the Far East. 5 R. N. Deshpande. 5-15 For women. 6-15 R. R. Chowdhury. 6-30 Parindon ki Duniya. 6-45 For villagers only. 7-45 It has happened. 7-50 Sohan Singh. 8 Hirabai Barodekar 8-15 An economist looks at the World. 8-30 Sohan Singh. 8-45 Basana Bhattacharya. 9-30 B B C News relay. 8-45 R. R. Chowdhury. 9-55 Listening post. 10 Yahan Husn Bikta Hai. 10-35 Film hits.

Bombay I—Programme.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Clarionet Solo. 8-5 News in Hindustani. 8-15 News in English 8-25 Marsiah. 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 Movie music. 9-30 Master Bhargavram. 10 D. K. Joshi Mangalvedhekar. 10-15 Marathi duet. 11 Shahidan-i-Karbala. 11-30 Shyamala Mazgaonkar. 12 noon. Surat or Choryasi Bunder No Vavato. 12-30 p.m. Ramnath B. Mathkar. 12-40 Amritlal Navsariwala. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Jagannathbuwa Pandharpurkar. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music. 5 To-morrow. 5-5 Ramnath B. Mathkar. 5-20 D. K. Joshi Mangalvedhekar. 5-40 News in Marathi. 5-45 News in Gujarati. 5-50 Abhang. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Manohar Deshpande. 6-20 Local news and announcements. 6-25 Local news and announcements. 6-30 Shyamala Mazgaonkar. 7 The tragedy of Karbala. 7-15 Master Bhargavram. 7-30 Marathi duet. 7-45 to 7-55 Moharrum message: Talk in English by Dr. G. M. D. Sufi. 7-55 to 8 Ram Lal. Alap and Gat Darbari on Sitar. 8 News in Marathi. 8-15 News in Gujarati. 8-30 to 8-45 His Excellency the Governor's Talk on A.R.P. 8-45 to 9 World News Review. Talk by Frank Moraes. 9-0 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 War commentary. 9-55 Listening post. 10 Shyamala Mazgaonkar. 10-15 D. K. Joshi Mangalvedhekar. 10-30 Jagannathbuwa Pandharpurkar.

Bombay II—Programme.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

8 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 Thumris. 8-15 Violin duet. 8-25 to 8-50 As in Bombay 1. 8-50 Avinash Vyas. 9 Ramnath B. Mathkar. 9-10 to 10-30 As in Bombay 1

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

11 to 2-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1.

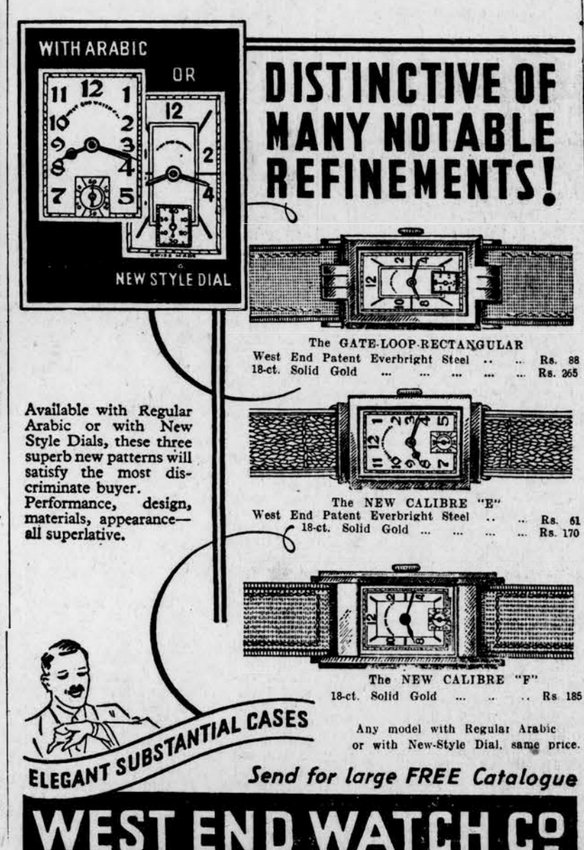
61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

5 to 6 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 6 Bhajan. 6-10 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

89.15 metres (3,365 kc/s)

7-30 to 8 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 8 Jagannathbuwa Pandharpurkar. 8-30 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Air Orchestra. 9-10 Master Bhargavram. 9-30 Gretel Sommer. 9-45 Tuna Portuguesa. 10 Chamber music.

ACADEMY OF ISLAM ZANANA MOHURRUM MUJLIS will be held on Saturday, 31st inst. at 3 p.m. at Budder Bagh, Balaram St., Grant Rd. Miss Fatima Leyn Moon, Begum Zain Yar Jung of Hyderabad will recite 'Soz,' among many others. The Begum Saheba of Janjira extends cordial invitation to all ladies to attend.



DISTINCTIVE OF MANY NOTABLE REFINEMENTS!

Available with Regular Arabic or with New Style Dials, these three superb new patterns will satisfy the most discriminate buyer. Performance, design, materials, appearance—all superlative.

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HOW WOMEN CAN WIN MEN AND MEN WIN

Respect of Other Men

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The Bombay Chronicle

PRACTICAL SUGGESTIONS

About a fortnight ago we reviewed in these columns Gandhiji's pamphlet entitled "Constructive Programme. Its Meaning and Place." We have now before us a useful supplement to it in the shape of a similar pamphlet by Dr. Rajendra Prasad on "Constructive Programme, Some Suggestions." (Navajivan Press, Ahmedabad, pp. 34; price, four annas.) The former book, we have seen, explains at some length the importance and possibilities of the present thirteenfold constructive programme of the Congress. The latter offers some detailed instructions as to how each of the thirteen items can be worked out. The instructions are not meant to be exhaustive. They are only suggestive and, if carried out in the right spirit, they will suggest fresh instructions. Experience is always the best instructor and even failures are instructive as teaching what should not be done. But where a task is on a large scale and immediate results are desired, detailed instructions by experienced workers are of great advantage. From th's point of view Dr. Prasad's booklet is invaluable. Everyone interested in the constructive programme should make it a point to read carefully both these pamphlets by leaders who are acknowledged to be the best authorities on the subject. The programme is not meant for Congressmen alone. For, as Dr. Prasad remarks, "there is not a single item in the programme which can be termed controversial, it is all-embracing and all-inclusive; the humblest and the tallest among us can find plenty of room for self-expression therein." Plying the "takli", for instance, is possible for even old men and women and children. The contribution of each individual seems little but in a country of millions the cumulative effect cannot be negligible.

Communal Unity

As communal unity is the first and foremost item in the programme, Dr Prasad offers various valuable suggestions on the subject. The gist of several of these suggestions is that where members of a particular community do anything within their legal or customary right, such as taking out a procession before a mosque or slaughtering a cow for food, those who feel aggrieved at this should not resort to violence in ending the dispute but should rely on persuasion or arbitration. If these methods fail, says Dr. Prasad, "the non-violent method of protest through self-suffering may be used in order to melt the opponent's heart, provided it is a clear case and the person concerned is strong enough to resist the evil in this way." But if for one reason or other "non-violent protest is impossible, justice may even be sought in law courts or from other constituted authority." That these suggestions are fair and sensible will be admitted generally by all or most men. Yet all these suggestions are ignored by many including educated men in responsible position in the excitement of even a minor communal clash. What then is to be done? Dr. Prasad commends Gandhiji's heroic remedy. "The organisation," he says, "of bands of men and women imbued with the spirit of non-violence and willing to lay down their lives, if necessary, is most desirable both from the point of view of preventing and of controlling communal riots." The remedy is believed to have met with some success at Ahmedabad during the last riots there, but fresh and worse trouble may sometimes be caused if a volunteer is fatally injured in a locality of persons of the other community.

Service Of The People

Dr. Prasad himself realises this and suggests much preliminary constructive work to promote communal unity in the daily pursuits of men. Referring to the Shanti Dal volunteer's work, he says: "Fitness for such work can best come from long apprenticeship in the service of all communities. Whenever and wherever possible, members of one community should make it a point of living among and serving members of other communities. This would open the way to intimate social contacts and create mutual understanding. Indeed, such workers will not only be able to prevent riots but will also be able to stop their spread for they will be beloved of the people." Such preliminary work will be found in many of the items of the constructive programme. For instance, the A.I.S.A., which is at present a predominantly Hindu organisation for no fault of its own but which makes it a point to give work to numerous Muslim spinners and weavers, can pursue this policy further, start centres in Muslim localities and give work to unemployed or under-employed men and women. Or well-to-do men can spin yarn and give it free to Muslim weavers starving for want of yarn. Or Hindus may learn Urdu and Urdu script and teach the latter to illiterate Muslims, it being, of course, understood that Muslims will do likewise with Hindi. Once such work is earnestly undertaken it will suggest many fresh ways of bringing about communal unity. Only, one should not refrain from doing the right service to his neighbour merely because the latter does not duly reciprocate it. If it is good to do a service with the expectation of some kind of return, it is better far to do it without any expectation of any return. Indeed, that is one of the sublimest lessons of the Geeta. An excellent practical suggestion offered by Dr. Prasad is the following: "A standing committee of members of all communities for every town and group of villages commanding the confidence of the people would be a great help and might well serve as a board of arbitration in cases of dispute." In their own way and in their limited spheres such committees are bound to do good. However, there have existed for years past two big representative committees with a number of disputes between them, the Congress and the Muslim League. Through arbitration and otherwise they should strive to settle their disputes. If they succeed, a thousand other disputes will be automatically settled.

In Indian Waters

The two merchantships that were lost in the Bay of Bengal were, it is now revealed, sunk by a Japanese submarine. They were torpedoed and shelled without warning which only goes to emphasize how completely the Japanese are imitating their Nazi Allies' methods of brutal and cold-blooded total war which excludes all normally humane obligations. Nor is the presence of Japanese submarines in Indian waters at all surprising. It has always been possible for enemy raiders, particularly submarines, to steal into the Indian Ocean and the Bay of Bengal. Now that they have bases in the Bay of Bengal itself, for instance, Penang and Tavoy, it is only too easy for submarines to roam about the east and south coast of India. This unfortunate and harsh but quite inescapable fact has got to be faced. The raider menace has come to Indian waters and come to stay, too, until the Japanese are driven away from Malaya and southern Burma. What is the Indian Navy going to do about it? India, we understand, has a Navy, has she not? By the way, we wish the gentleman in the Madras Information Bureau, who denied the report of enemy activity in the Bay of Bengal only the other day, had not tried to be bright.

Is There Discrimination?

When the recruitment of doctors to the Army was inadequate and slow one of the main causes of the defect was found to be the discrimination against Indians in the conditions of service. When the position was made better—we hope there is no discrimination at all now—recruitment was naturally better. In several other Departments of the Army, we understand, there is still some discrimination against Indians in respect of pay, allowances, prospects and general conditions of service. It may not be much as recruitment is on the whole said to be satisfactory and is actively encouraged by various non-Congress leaders. But what little remains must go because racial discrimination is most galling at all times, and particularly so now. It will be good in the interests of recruitment and, indeed, from every point of view if Government remove at once every trace of discrimination and satisfy the public with full facts and figures about the pay and general conditions of service of Indians and Europeans. If necessary, the non-official Indian members of the Viceroy's Executive Council and of the National Defence Council should take the initiative in the matter promptly and report to the public the results of their efforts.

Frankly Speaking

Remarkable Come-Back

Unless the British Eighth Army springs a well kept surprise it will have to retire far into Eastern Cyrenaica. Benghazi is threatened, if indeed it has not already been evacuated. And Reuter's Special Correspondent at Cairo is discussing a British withdrawal "from the fruitful hill country between Benghazi and Derna back into the waterless regions of Gazala and Tobruk". How a strong British Army allowed itself to be surprised to the extent of being forced back by its retreating opponent hundreds of miles cannot yet be fully known. But the fact remains that General Rommel has staged a remarkable come-back, though, he is not likely to meet with the success he achieved against a very weak garrison of General Wavell. The disadvantages of a British retreat to eastern Cyrenaica are, however, not all on the British side. Obviously the Germans regard Libya as a serious major front which they would try to maintain even at heavy cost. Libya, therefore, can be made "a running sore" for the Germans.

Important Event

Thousands of American soldiers, who form part of an Infantry Division, have safely landed in Northern Ireland. The rest will, presumably, follow in due course. The arrival of these troops has been enthusiastically welcomed on behalf of the British Government. And rightly so. The landing of another American Expeditionary Force in Europe is a historic event. And it must be admitted that its importannce cannot be minimised. It is a portent not only of gloom to the German Fuehrer, but of hope to Britain and her Allies and of warning to the Darlans and Francos. But a token force is enough for the purpose. The Pacific area is calling America more urgently. It is that area which needs—and to-day—every available soldier that the U.S.A. can send.

The Toll Mounts

The toll taken of Japanese ships by the American navy and Allied aircraft during the three days beginning on Friday last has been terrific and there is reason to indulge the hope that it will mount steadily during the next few days. Sixteen vessels, transports, warships and an aircraft carrier, have been sunk, with one exception, all in the Strait of Macassar. And nineteen have been damaged, two off Rabaul and the rest in the Strait of Macassar. It is obvious how big and important the convoy was and how heavily the Japanese have already suffered. Since the damaged ships will find it difficult to escape we hope further operations will result in completely wiping out the convoy. It would be a grand success and, what is more, an extremely timely success.

Disgraceful

It appears from the report of a visit to Jaipur by Shrimati Rameshwari Nehru and Mr. A. V. Thakkar of the All-India Harijan Sevak Sangh that men sweepers in the employ of the local municipality are paid only Rs. 7-8 per month and that women sweepers are paid only Rs. 1-12. The men's wages are too low for human living and the women's wages are a disgrace to the municipality. These are not the only grievances of the Harijans in the State. Harijan students are said to be practically denied admission to all common primary and secondary schools in the State. We trust the Harijan Sevak Sangh will take up the cause of these poor people and do everything possible to get their grievances redressed.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Other people expect you to forget your troubles and listen to theirs.

* * * *

If some men would work more and hope less they would get along better.

* * *

There's only the difference of a name between begging and soliciting.

* * *

He who lends money to a friend is apt to lose faith, a friend and money, too.

* * *

Music may be the food of love, but after marriage the demand is for something more substantial.

* * *

Time and tide wait for no man, but a woman will wait for him until some other man comes along.

CONSCIENCE

"Conscience is harder than our enemies,
Knows more, accuses with more nicety,
Nor needs to question Rumour if we fall
Below the perfect model of our thought."

—GEORGE ELIOT.
"The Spanish Gipsy."

IN BURMA & FAR EAST

MARTIAL LAW IN MOULMEIN

BRITISH GARRISON EVACUATED FROM MERGUI: BOMBS AND LEAFLETS DROPPED OVER RANGOON AND SINGAPORE

RANGOON, Jan. 27.

According to the Rangoon Radio, the Army Headquarters 'communique' issued this afternoon reports that, in preparation for further operations, the Moulmein authorities have taken over control of the town of Moulmein.

The Posts and Telegraphs and the A. R. P. services will continue to function under the civil defence service.

Mergui Evacuated

Mergui, at which place we had maintained a small garrison, has been evacuated. All stores, etc., were brought by the troops and all personnel have now been withdrawn.

This preparation has been proceeding over the past week, and has not been interfered with in any way by the enemy.

The R. A. F. Communique states that bombers with a fighter escort carried out bombing raids against the enemy on the Kawkareik-Myawadi Road, and enemy lorries were machine-gunned.

Air Raids On Rangoon

At nine o'clock last night, enemy bombers flew over the Rangoon area and an aerodrome north of Rangoon was bombed, only slight damage was caused and there were no casualties.

Enemy aircraft also dropped leaflets during the raids.

A Communique issued to-day by the Department of the Civil Defence Commissioner reports the giving of three air raid warnings in Rangoon during the 24 hour period ended at six o'clock this morning.

In the raid which took place after dark last night, some bombs fell to the north of the city and leaflets were dropped. Anti-aircraft gun fire was heard for a short time.

Raids Over Singapore

BOMBAY, Jan. 27.

According to the Singapore radio, tonight's Singapore Communique states: Despite determined air attacks, the enemy convoy sighted off Endau yesterday has landed a force and some transports. Bomb hits were observed near a force and some transports, and in addition barges and landing craft were heavily machine-gunned.

The enemy landing preparation were covered by a large number of shore-based fighters, which were engaged by our fighters. Twelve enemy fighters were destroyed, while two others were probably destroyed and two damaged. Our forces in this area are in contact with the enemy north of Jemaluang.

In the centre, south of Kluang and Ayer Hitam, the enemy has supported his infantry with fierce dive-bomb attacks directed chiefly against movements on the roads. Fighting is in progress in these areas.

In the west, fighting is taking place south of Senggarang where British and Indian troops are engaged. Single enemy aircraft flew over Singapore last night and dropped bombs which caused some damage and a few casualties. Enemy aircraft again raided Singapore this morning, causing some damage. Details of to-day's raids are not yet available. Anti-aircraft defences in Malaya have to date shot down the following enemy aircraft: 60 for certain; 21 probable.

Jap Planes Chased

A Chungking message says that nine Japanese planes heading for Chungking turned tail and fled back to Indo-China when pursued by American volunteers and Chinese fighters.

Truth About Japanese Landings At Keita

SINGAPORE, Jan. 27.

Melbourne reports of Japanese landings in Keita on the island of Bougainville in the Solomons group are now known to be wrong, said the Australian Army Minister, Mr. Forde to-day (Tuesday). Reliable reports have been received that there has been no occupation. The Japanese were believed to be dispersing their forces and seeking several bases for an attack on stronger Australian bases. Mr. Forde declared. He added that bad weather was still hampering counteraction and also slowing up the Japanese attempted lightning thrust to grab islands north of Australia. Mr. Forde described the Berlin Radio report that Darwin had been bombed as "further wishful thinking" and said that an official statement would be made, if an attack occurred.—Reuter.

A. R. P. Lighting Restrictions

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Indiscriminate police prosecutions for inadequate screening of house lighting seem to be the order of the day. The Editors of the local press have rightly drawn the attention of the Government to the publication of their instructions which are unnecessarily long and quite incomprehensible to the average man in the street. Further Government has given no time to the public to digest these ever-changing instructions nor to make suitable preparations and alterations to the domestic fittings. I know for a fact that it is still a debatable point amongst the highest authorities in Europe whether "black-outs" are really useful against air-raids. For instances, it is said that the Soviet Government never put into practice "black-outs" in their two great cities, Leningrad and Moscow, even when the enemy were just outside the gates of these historic towns. We all know how many thousands of innocent lives have been lost in England due to motor cars, trains and other accidents in the "black-outs." In spite of rigid and total "black-out" in England, the Germans have repeatedly bombed London, Liverpool, Birmingham and Coventry with almost incredible precision. Where, then, I ask, is the utility of these "black-outs"? So long as you cannot "black-out" the moon and the stars and so long as you have the shining waters of rivers, lakes and seas, giving the surest indication to the bomber pilots, of what earthly use is it lowering a few thousand lights? Why unnecessarily increase the civilian casualties by inviting accidents. Why put additional strain on the nerves of the people and add to their discomfort unnecessarily?

To-day the war is being fought just outside our frontiers and the majority of the people actually know not only what happened to the people of Warsaw, Rotterdam and London but they also know what took place in Rangoon. Moreover, we have had the rude awakening that the Japanese Air Force is not so obsolete and that the Japanese pilots are not quite so inefficient and inexperienced as our Propaganda and Information Bureau made out to be.

Let the Government focus all their attention to retrieve their position in Malaya one of the outer defences of India such as they have done in Iraq, Syria, Iran and Egypt. It is absolutely no use wasting energy and money on "black-outs" of Indian cities. If the outer-defences of India are properly guarded the Indian cities automatically remain safe. Let us defend Singapore with all our might and concentrate all our attention there. All else is superfluous.—Yours, etc.,

RUSSA MEHTA.

Bombay.

Japs Active Over Whole Of New Guinea

MELBOURNE, Jan. 27.

Messages from New Guinea on Monday night state that the Japanese are still active over the whole territory. They have now landed substantial forces at Rabaul in the island of New Britain where they are operating with planes from land as well as aircraft carriers.

There is no further news of the Australian garrison which was last reported to be holding positions across the Rabaul Peninsula.

The Royal Australian Air Force is also said to be active though no further attacks on Japanese ships at Rabaul have been reported.

With substantial forces now at Rabaul the Japanese are believed to be operating planes both from the ground and from carriers. There is no further news about the garrison at Rabaul.

HE DIED THAT TRUTH SHOULD LIVE!

Husain, The Great Martyr

(By MOHD ALI ALHAJ SALMIN.)

Hussain, son of Ali and grandson of the Holy Prophet (May Allah's blessings be ever on him!) the eternally famed martyr-hero of Karbala tragedy, who resuscitated Islam, nay, who gave it that stamp of immortality and unshakability, is a martyr 'par excellence' without a parellel in world's history. His matchless martyrdom is the one supreme and grand example of that grim resolve of not yielding an iota of one's own soul to gain the whole world. Hence, rightly he is and shall ever be the life and soul of Islam. Is it a wonder then that this momentous and memorable Karbala tragedy is brought home to the mind of every true Muslim with all its freshness and vividness? Who will not mourn for him and for his steadfast tiny band of three score and odd blessed souls?

Just imagine the sad plight of that good band of Imam Husain's true followers, men, women and children, old and young, living for three days, without being allowed to taste even a drop of water. With lips and throats parched, facing utter starvation, they lived, not on bread and water, but on unconquerable faith and they all courageously faced the worst, keeping up to the end an unconquered spirit. The tyrants cut off their innocent heads, but no tyrant could make them yield their spirit? Husain gave his head to the enemy, but not his heart. The martyr's spirit ultimately triumphed: the spirit of Islam resplendent glowed afresh from age to age.

And what a sharp contrast do we witness between the rival parties! Transporting our imagination to that ninth night of Muharram on the field of Karbala, on one side we see hired, greedy and heartless Yezidic forces, spending the whole night in all kinds of satanic hilarity, hooting and howling, drinking and dancing, dreaming of their next day's hunt of the innocents, like hungry, ferocious wolves. Surrounded by these that good band of hallowed martyrs, spent the whole night, thirsting and starving though, deep communion with God each one gladly and willingly preparing to meet and welcome the next day the bride of death. Irreligiousness, injustice, unrighteousness and tyranny were ranged against holiness, justice and righteousness. The undisputed victory of the latter and its triumphant march thence from age to age, are kept up fresh for ever by this annual Muharram celebrations.

BURMA LEGISLATURES TO EVACUATE?

RANGOON, Jan. 27.

The Budget session of the Burma Legislature has been indefinitely postponed by an order of the Governor of Burma for reasons of enemy raids. It is understood that arrangements are under consideration to convene a short session at any time before March 31 to pass the annual Budget and other financial statements of the Government. It is likely that both the Houses of the Legislature will be evacuated to the district towns.—United Press.

Life-Giver Of India's Hungry Millions

Gandhiji Stresses Urgency Of Constructive Programme In War-Time

Emphasising the need for constructive work during war time, Mahatma Gandhi in the course of an article in the "Harijan" says:—

"Let every Congressman begin with himself and his family and neighbours and he will find that the life giving contagion spreads like wild fire".

Mahatma Gandhi says: "There is already scarcity in the land both of food and clothing. As the war progresses both the scarcities must increase. There are no imports from outside either of foodstuffs or of cloth. The well to do may not feel the pinch as yet or at all but the poor are feeling it now. The well to do live on the poor. There is no other way. That is to say he produces as much Hence those who feel for the poor those who would be one with them must curtail their wants. There are many ways. I shall only mention some here. There is much too much food eaten and wasted by the well to do

USE ONE GRAIN AT A TIME

Use one grain at a time. Chapati, rice and pulses milk ghee gud and oil are used in ordinary households besides vegetables and fruit. I regard this as an unhealthy combination. Those who get animal protein in the shape of milk, cheese, eggs or meat need not use pulses at all. The poor people get only vegetable protein. If the well to do give up pulses and oils they set free these two essentials for the poor who get neither animal protein nor animal fat.

RAW SALADS

Then the grain eaten should not be sloppy. Half the quantity suffices when eaten dry and not dipped in any gravy. It is well to eat it with raw salads such as onion, carrot, radish salad leaves tomatoes. An ounce or two of salads serves the purpose of eight ounces of cooked vegetables. Chapatis or bread should not be eaten with milk. To begin with one meal may be raw vegetables and chapati or bread and the other cooked vegetables with milk or curds.

BANISH SWEET DISHES

Sweet dishes should be eliminated altogether. Instead gud or sugar in small quantities may be taken with milk or bread or by itself.

Fresh fruit is good to eat, but only a little is necessary to give tone to the system. It is an expensive article and an over-indulgence by the well to do has deprived the poor and the ailing of an article which they need much more than the well to do.

Any medical man who has studied the science of dietetics will certify that what I have suggested can do no harm to the body on the contrary it must conduce to better health.

This is only one way of saving food stuff. It is obvious. But by itself it cannot produce much visible effect.

WORD TO GRAIN DEALERS

Grain dealers have to shed their greed and the habit of making as much profit as possible. They must be satisfied with as little as possible. They run the risk of being looted if they do not gain the credit of being keepers of grain for the sake of the poor. They should be in touch with the people in their neighbourhood Congressmen have to visit grain dealers within their beat and give them the message of the time.

CULTIVATION OF NEW CROPS

By far the most important part of the work consists in educating the villagers to keep what they have and to induce cultivation of fresh crops wherever water is available. This requires widespread and intelligent propaganda. It is not generally known that bananas, potatoes, beetroot yam and suran, and in a measure pumpkin are a food crop easily grown. They can take the place of bread in time of need.

FIND MONEY BY WORK

There is too scarcity of money. There may be grain available but no money to buy it with. There is no money because there is no employment. This has to be found. Spinning is the readiest and the handiest. But local needs may supply other sources of labour. Every available source has to be tapped so that there is no want of employment. Only the lazy ones need and must starve. Patient handling will induce even this class to shed their laziness.

The problem of clothing is much easier than feeding if it is handed well and in time. The mills may not be relied on in these times. There is ample cotton to be had in India. It is a problem for cotton cultivators how to dispose of their stock. The outside market is closed to them. Our mills cannot absorb the whole of that corp. It can be utilised if the nation takes to spinning not for wages but for the sake of clothing the naked. Of course, those who need employment will spin for profit. This number must be limited. They need organising. Much money will be needed for the purpose. But national spinning does not need so much organising. Profit motive being eliminated and willingness being assumed organisation is reduced to simplest terms.

This is no time for multiplying wheels. They take time to manufacture. Raw material is daily becoming dearer. Wheels cannot be manufactured everywhere. Places where they can be counted by the fingers of one hand.

Therefore I suggest the plying of the Dhanush Takli and even the simple Takli. The former should be manufactured locally. Indeed it is difficult to manufacture the simple takli at once in lacs. The Dhanush Takli is the only thing which can be the easiest manufactured. Slivers cannot be supplied to spinners. Each one should get some cotton for himself or herself, and card it as well as may be with the hands of with a home made small bow such as the children in the Bihar basic schools have. All this can be done because no one is expected to manufacture a large quantity of yarn. If every one of our available millions span for one hour daily, there would be enough yarn to keep every hand-loom going. The reader should know that there are lakhs of handloom weavers in the land. There is danger of their starving for want of yarn.

DUTY OF CONGRESSMAN

Here is a great task for every Congresman to undertake. He has to become a good spinner and carder and know how to manufacture the Dhanush Takli. Let every Congressman begin with himself and his family and neighbours, and he will find that the life-giving contagion spreads like wild fire which envelops you before hardly know what you are witnessing.

REAL WAR EFFORT

Any organisation that tackles these two problem successfully will command the love and confidence of the people. I hope that all will join in this real war effort. It is none the less effective because it is peaceful and constructive.

Will the Princes let their people do this work without let or hindrance? Will Quaide Azam Jinnah allow the members of the Muslim League to co-operate with the Congress workers in this truly national but non-political work which is also humanitarian? There are 23,000 Muslim spinners, carders, and weavers earning their daily bread through the A. I. S. A.—A. P.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

The rate and depth of General Rommel's advance will depend on the size of the force left to him and his means of supply. It is generally believed that he has barely a quarter left of the original three armoured divisions which he commanded up to the end of last year.

—"Annalist" of London

* * *

It is a tragedy, regrets Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, that statesmen like Mr. Churchill and Mr. Amery can neither understand the present world situation nor the future course of events.

The tragedy, on the contrary, is that both Churchill and Amery think they understand all this.

* * *

"Australian affairs" demands Premier Curtin, "should be conducted only after Australia has had a full say in what is after all the shaping of our destiny".

Why was such sedition allowed to be published in India? It's dangerous and embarrassing.

* * *

"Australia", continued Mr. Curtin "is for the Australians".

Worser and worser.

* * *

And then came the 'piece de resistance.' Proclaimed Mr. Curtin, who incidentally is a Labour Internationalist. "It is a white Australia. With God's blessing we shall keep it so".

We didn't know that God was a sort of White Man.

By the way, it is a great compliment, isn't it to the yellow Chinese and the dark brown Indians who, according to an earlier Curtin pronouncement, were fighting along with Australians for a common cause.

* * *

Speaking at Ahmedabad, Sjt. Morarji Desai said: "We are passing through a world crisis and we must prepare for self-defence".

What nonsense! Personally we have the completest faith in Mr. Amery, Lord Linlithgow, Sir Alan Hartley and Sjt. Aney.

Also our local A. R. P. authorities.

* * *

In connection with the "Independence Day", "many students", we learn from an Anglo-Indian report, "went on holiday and joined in the observance".

Isn't it profoundly shocking that Indian students should so far forget themselves and their duty as to participate in the observance of an Indian "Independence Day"?

* * *

Here is very good news for you. Please receive it with applause. It is announced that American troops have arrived in Northern Ireland.

What? Netherlands East Indies? Nonsense. Didn't we distinctly say Northern Ireland?

* * *

Greeting the Americans on behalf of the British Government, Sir Archibald Sinclair said that their safe arrival was a gloomy portent for Hitler, and added "nor will the significance of it be lost to General Tojo".

It certainly won't. Even a purblind General Tojo can clearly see that American troops have gone to—Ireland.

* * *

A Chinese Military Mission is announced to be leaving Chungking for London shortly.

It will now be warmly welcomed, and our only disappointment is that John Simon, being Foreign Secretary no more, will not receive it.

* * *

According to "authoritative quarters" in London, "there is nothing to suggest that the Germans have been able to land reinforcements anywhere along the coast except at Tripoli".

Was there anything to suggest that General Rommel would turn and strike back?

* * *

Reading all about all the Art Conferences and exhibitions recently and currently held in the city, the Junior Colleague says he "almost died of art failure".

* * *

"How did he lose the money he made?"

"I'd like to know how he made the money he lost".

NEW INDIAN AGENT FOR MALAYA

NEW DELHI, Jan. 27.

The Government of India are understood to be considering new arrangements for their representation in Malaya. Mr. S. Dutt their former Agent there, resigned before the Japanese attack, and in his place Mr. Natraja Pillai has been officiating but it is learned that Mr. Pillai could not move out of Kaula Lumpur before the Japanese overran it and thereafter contact with him could not be established. A number of names for the post of Agent is under consideration.

It is learned that the Overseas Department of the Government of India is keeping itself in close touch with arrangements made by Provincial Governments for the reception of Indian evacuees from Burma and countries in the Pacific war zone. A senior officer of the Department probably Mr. A. V. Pai, Joint Secretary, is shortly going on a visit to the ports to see things for himself.

All India Radio, it is learned, is making daily personal broadcasts, making enquiries from Burma and Singapore about the welfare of Indians in those places. Daily replies from Singapore also are being received from Singapore radio.—A.P.

"Stop This Nonsense"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I sympathize with Sir Victor Sassoon's feelings on racial incidents and appreciate his indignation at the incident in North China, when the guard "did not feel in a position even to remonstrate with the representative of the ruling nation who did not even consider an apology necessary or required."

We in India have the consolation that the Englishman involved in the Nagpur incident did apologise to the Indian, who happened to be the Chief Secretary to the Government of the C. P. and Berar. I fear if the guard had dared take the matter up with the "representative of the ruling nation" if the class had been marked 'third' instead of 'second', and if it were I and not Mr. Trivedi's son, who was travelling.

I draw Sir Victor's attention to the Hari Singh Gour incident in a London public hotel at the time of an air raid! It was not a Railway guard, but His Majesty's Secretary of State for Home Affairs—Mr. Herbert Morrison—who said, there was nothing which he could do!

Shades of Democracy!—Yours, etc.,

U. B. NAIR.

British Reinforcements To Malaya

NO CABINET CHANGES

(Continued from Page 1)

reason why I require a formal solemn vote of confidence from the Commons which hitherto in this struggle has never flinched. The House would fail in its duty if it did not insist on freedom of debate and a clear honest and blunt vote on it. Then we shall know where we are and friend or foe will know where we are and where they are.

It is because things have gone badly and worse is to come that I demand a vote of confidence.

No one need be mealy-mouthed in the debate. No one should be chicken-hearted in the division lobby. Every one in these rough times must do what he considers his duty.

Mr. Shinwell (Labour) interjecting: "Is it to be a free vote?"

Mr. Churchill: "It is to be a vote under all conditions which have made the conduct of Parliamentary Government possible. (Cheers, laughter). We must also remember how very oddly foreigners view our country and its way of doing things.

When Rudolf Hess flew over here some months ago he firmly believed that he had only to gain access to certain circles of the country for what he has described as the Churchill clique.—(Mr. Thorne (Labour) interjecting: "Where is Hess now?"

Mr. Churchill: "He is where he ought to be!" (laughter)—to be thrown out of power and for a Government to be set up with which Hitler might negotiate a magnanimous peace. The only importance attaching to the opinions of Hess is the fact that he was fresh from the atmosphere of Hitler's intimate table.

But I can assure the House that since I have been back in this country I have had anxious enquiries from a dozen countries and reports on enemy propaganda in a score of countries all turning on the point whether His Majesty's Government is to be dismissed from power or not. I certainly am not asking for any special favours, but I am sure the House would wish to make its position clear. There I stand by the ancient constitutional parliamentary doctrine of free debate and faithful voting.

SUPPLIES TO RUSSIA

Three or four months ago we had to cope with the following situation:

German invaders were advancing, blasting their way through Russia.

The Russians were resisting with the utmost heroism, but no one could tell what would happen to Leningrad and Moscow or whether Rostov would fall or where the German winter line would be established. No one can tell now where it will be established, but now the boot is on the other foot.

We are all agreed that we must aid the valiant Russian armies to the utmost of our power. The Government thought and Parliament agreed that the best aid we could give Russia was in supplies of many kinds of raw materials and munitions, particularly tanks and aircraft. Our forces at home and abroad had for long been waiting thirstily for these weapons. Nevertheless we sent Premier Stalin exactly what he asked for. A whole lot was promised and sent.

SMALL LAPSE

There is, I am sorry to say, a small lapse due to bad weather, but it will be made up by the early days of February. This was a decision of major strategy and policy and anyone can see that it was right to put it first when they watched the wonderful achievements of the Russian army. Our munitions were of course (not) the only contribution to Russia's victory, but they were an encouragement in Russia's darkest hour. Far from regretting what we did for Russia, I only wish it was in our power—it was not—to have done more. **Three or four months ago at a time when the German advance was rolling onwards we were particularly concerned with the possibility of a forcing of the Don River, the capture of Rostov, an invasion of the Caucasus and reaching of the Baku oil-wells by the panzer spearhead of the German Army.**

Such advance would not only have given the Germans oil they are beginning seriously to need, but would have involved the destruction of the Russian fleet and the loss of Command of the Black Sea. It would have affected the safety of Turkey and would have exposed to grievous danger Persia, Iraq, Syria, Palestine and beyond those countries all of which are now under our control; it would have threatened the Suez Canal and Egypt.

LIBYAN CAMPAIGN

The same time as this menace defined itself, General von Rommel with his army of ten German and Italian divisions entrenched at and behind Halfaya was preparing to make a decisive attack upon Tobruk as a preliminary to one great attack on Egypt from the west. The Nile Valley was, therefore, menaced simultaneously by an attack from the rear and by a more remote, but in some ways more deadly attack from the north.

In such circumstances it is a practical rule of war that you should prepare to fight a delaying action against one of those two attacks and concentrate, if possible, overwhelming strength against the other and nearer. We, therefore, approved General Auchinleck's plans for the building up of an action by delaying the forces in the vast regions from Cyprus to the Caspian Sea.

Along, what I may call, the Levantine-Caspian front we prepared an extension of communications upon which larger forces should be based as time and transport allowed. On the other flank, the western flank, we prepared to meet Rommel. For the sake of this battle in the Libyan Desert we concentrated everything we could lay our hands on and we submitted to a very long delay—very painful to bear—so that all preparations should be perfected. We hoped to recapture Cyrenaica and the important air fields around Benghazi. But General Auchinleck's main objective was more simple. He set himself to destroy Rommel's army. I am sure this was the right decision (cheers).

ROBUST DECISION

Five months' preparation was demanded by General Auchinleck. For more than two months in the desert a most fierce and continuous battle has raged between the opposing forces armed with deadly weapons seeking each other dawn after dawn, fighting to death day after day and even long into the night. This was a battle which turned out very differently from what was foreseen. Much depended on individual officers and soldiers, but not all.

This battle would have been lost on November 24th if General Auchinleck had not intervened, changed command and ordered ruthless pressure of attack to be maintained without regard to consequences. But for this robust decision we should have been back on our line, Tobruk would probably have fallen and Rommel would probably have marched towards the Nile. Cyrenaica is regained; it has still to be held.

We have not succeeded in destroying Rommel's army, but nearly two-thirds of it are wounded, prisoners or dead.

Casualty Lists

In this strange sombre battle of the desert we have lost in killed, wounded and captured about 18,000 officers and men of which the greater part are British. We have 36,500 prisoners in our possession including many wounded of whom 10,500 are German. We have killed and wounded at least 11,500 Germans and 13,000 Italians—the total accounted for exactly 61,000. (Cheers). There is also a mass of enemy wounded some of whom have been evacuated to the sea or to the west—I cannot tell how many. Of the forces which Rommel disposed on November 18 little more than one-third remains.

PROFITABLE TRANSACTION

Eight hundred and fifty-two German and Italian aircraft have been destroyed and 386 German and Italian tanks. During this battle we have never had in action more than 45,000 men against enemy forces—if they could be brought to bear—much more than doubly strong. Therefore, it seems to me that this heroic struggle in the desert, in which there have been many local reverses, has tested our manhood in a searching fashion. It has been proved that men cannot only die for their King and country—everyone knew that—but that they can kill. I cannot tell what is the position at the present moment in Cyrenaica. We have a very daring and skilful opponent against us and, may I say, a great General. He has certainly received reinforcements.

Another battle is even now in progress and I make it a rule never to prophesy beforehand how battles will turn out. But generally the fact remains that whereas a year ago the Germans were telling Yeutrals that they would be in Suez by May and when some people talked of the possibility of a German descent on Assint and many were afraid that Tobruk would be stormed and others were afraid about the Nile Valley, Cairo, Alexandria and the Canal, we have conducted an effective offensive against the enemy and hurled him backwards inflicting upon him far heavier losses and damage than we have suffered ourselves. And not only have he lost nearly three times our losses on the battlefield, but the blue waters of the Mediterranean have, thanks to the enterprise of the Royal Navy, our submarines and air force, drowned a large number of reinforcements which have been continually sent and this process has had further important successes during the last few days.

So, whether you call it victory or not, it must be dubbed at the present moment—for I will not make a promise—a highly profitable transaction (laughter) and certainly an episode of our most glorious to the British, South Africans, New Zealand, Indian, Free French and Polish soldiers and airmen who have played their part in it (cheers).

THANKS TO RUSSIA

Let us see what has happened on the other flank—in the Nile Valley, Palestine, Syria, Iraq and Persia. There we must thank Russia. The valour of the Russian armies has warded off dangers which we undoubtedly had run. The Caucasus and the Russian oilfield of Baku and the great Anglo-Persian oilfields are denied to the enemy. The winter has come. Evidently we have time to strengthen still further our forces and organisations in those regions. I, therefore, present to you a situation in the Nile Valley, both west and east, incomparably easier than anything we have seen since we were deserted by the French Bordeaux-Vichy Government and were set upon by Italy.

It is only by the smallest margin that we have succeeded so far in beating Rommel in Cyrenaica and destroying twothirds of his forces. It is only by the victory on the Russian Front and the Black Sea coast that we have been spared overrunning of all those lands from the Levant to the Caspian which in turn gives access to India, Persia, the Persian Gulf, the Nile Valley and the Suez Canal.

I have told the House the story of these few months and they will see from it how our resources have been strained and by what a small margin and what strokes of fortune we have survived so far. Where would we have been, I wonder, if we had yielded to the clamour which was so loud three or four months ago to invade France or the Low Countries? (cheers). We can still see on the wall the inscription: 'A SECOND FRONT NOW'.

HEAD JUST ABOVE WATER

Who did not feel that appeal? But imagine what would have happened had we yielded to this vehement temptation. Every ton of our shipping, every flotilla, every aeroplane, the whole strength of our army would have been committed and fighting for life on the French shore or on the shore of the Low Countries and these troubles of the Far East and Middle East might have sunk into insignificance compared with the question of another and far worse Dunkirk. I suppose that there are some who would have voted for a Second Front in France and who will now come up bland and smiling and ask why we have not ample forces in Malaya, Burma, Borneo and the Celebes. There are also people who talk and bear themselves as if they had prepared for this war with great armaments and careful preparations (cheers), but we have only had two and a half years of fighting and we have only just managed to keep our heads above water.

ON ROAD TO VICTORY

When I was called upon nearly two years ago to be Prime Minister, there were not many applications for the job (laughter). Since then, perhaps the market has improved. (more laughter).

But in spite of all the shameful neglect, gross muddles, blatant incompetence, complacency and lack of organising power which are daily attributed to us, and from which childings we endeavour to profit, we are beginning to see our way through (cheers). It looks as if we were in for a very bad time. Provided we all stand together and provided we throw in the last spasms of our strength, it also looks more than it ever did before as if we were going to win (cheers).

STORY OF FAR EAST

While facing Germany and Italy here and in the Nile Valley we have never had any power to provide effectively for the defence of the Far East. My whole argument so far has led up to that point. It may be that this or that might have been done which was not done, but we have never been able to provide effectively for the defence of Far East against an attack by Japan. It has been the policy of the Cabinet at almost all costs to avoid an embroilment with Japan until we were sure that the United States would also be engaged. The House will remember that when we were at our very weakest we even had to stop to closing the Burma Road for some months. I remember that some of our critics were very angry about it, but we had to do it.

There never has been a moment, there never could have been a moment, when Great Britain or the British Empire single-handed could be fighting Germany and Italy or could wage a battle of Britain, a battle of the Atlantic and a battle of the Middle East and at the same time stand thoroughly prepared in Burma, the Malaya Peninsula and generally in the Far East against the impact of a vast Military Empire like Japan with more than seventy mobile divisions, the third biggest navy in the world, a great air force and the thrust of eight or ninety millions of hardy warlike Asiatics.

If we had started scattering our forces over those immense areas of the Far East we should be ruined. If we had moved large armies of troops urgently needed on the war fronts to regions which were not at war and might never have been at war we should have been altogether wrong.

We should have cast away a chance, which now becomes something more than a chance, of all of us emerging safely from the terrible plight in which we have been plunged. As time passed the mighty United States under the leadership of President Roosevelt had drawn ever nearer to the struggle and now that the blow has fallen it does not fall on us alone. The United Nations are unquestionably capable of enduring a struggle retrieving losses and preventing another such stroke from ever being delivered again (cheers.)

THE LIMITING FACTOR

It is said by some that, if only we had organised sufficient production of this country properly, there would have been enough for all these activities. But that is really not true. As a matter of fact our munitions output is gigantic and for some time has been very large, indeed, and it is bounding up in a most remarkable manner. Only last year (1941) we have produced more than double the munitions equipment of the United States, which are arming heavily. The tank production has doubled in the last six months. Small arms production is more than twice that it was six months ago. Filled rounds of ammunition has doubled in the last six months. These are the doubling totals we boasted about as far as we dared six months ago. In aircraft production there is a steady increase not only in numbers but in size and quality of aircraft, though I must say, it is not all the increase I had looked for.

But this has nothing to do with the preparations it was open to us to make in Malaya and Burma and generally in the Far East. The limiting factor has not been troops or even equipment. The limiting factor has been transport.

From the moment this Government was formed every scrap of shipping we could draw away from our vital supply route and every U-Boat escort we could divert from the battle of the Atlantic has been used to the utmost capacity to carry troops and munitions from this Island to the East. There has been a ceaseless flow.

As to Aircraft, they have not only been moved by sea but by every route, some very dangerous and costly routes, to the Eastern battlefield.

HE SHOULDERS ALL BLAME

It was in our power only to make a moderate and partial provision in the Far East against the hypothetical danger of a Japanese onslaught. Sixty thousand men were, indeed, concentrated at Singapore, but priority in aircraft, tanks, anti-aircraft and anti-tank munitions was accorded to the Nile Valley.

For this decision in its broad strategic aspects and also in its diplomatic policy towards Russia I take the fullest personal responsibility. If we handled our resources wrongly no one is so much to blame as me. If we have not got large forces in Burma and elsewhere in the Far East it is I who am responsible. Why, therefore, should I be called upon to pick out scapegoats and throw blame upon Generals and sacrifice my loyal and trusted colleagues and friends to appease the clamour of certain sections of the British and Australian press or to take the edge off our reverses in the Far East. If I were capable of doing such a thing I should be capable of rendering this country and this Houuse no further service (cheers.)

I say this without seeking in the least degree to relieve myself from the duty and responsibility of making continual improvements in the ministerial positions. But I could not possibly descend to attempting to get out of these difficulties by offering up some victim.—Reuter.

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FAZLUL HUQ SETS EXAMPLE

Successful Intervention In Tazia Procession Dispute

CALCUTTA: January 27.

The question of taking Tazia (Mohurrum) processions along Upper Circular Rd. this year has, it is learnt, been settled in a satisfactory manner through the intervention of the Chief Minister, Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq.

This year also trouble was apprehended in view of the Police Notification prohibiting the use of flags of more than 13 ft. in height along this route. But this has been averted by the intervention of the Chief Minister, through whose mediation, the Calcutta Tramways Company agreed to remove temporarily the overhead wires, on payment of an adequate compensation, thereby enabling processionists to take flags of the usual height. The Chief Minister, it is further learnt, has already paid half the compensation, amounting to Rs. 1,000 from his own pocket and has also stood surety for the remaining half.

In view of this agreement with the Tramways Company, the Commissioner of Police has modified his order and decided to allow Tazia processions to pass along the route with flags of usual height.—A. P.

EMERGENCY FORCE CHIEF FOUND DEAD

MADRAS: January 27.

Mr. P.F.W. Murray (aged 25), Assistant Superintendent of Police and Commandant of the Special Emergency Force, Pallavaram, about 15 miles from Madras, was found lying in a pool of blood in his bungalow last evening with a gunshot wound on his head. He was removed to the hospital where he succumbed early this morning.

A unanimous verdict of death due to gunshot wound was recorded at the inquest.—A. P.

Madras Aid To Burma Raid Victims

MADRAS: January 27.

A sum of Rs. 1,00,000 has been remitted to the Governor of Burma from the Madras Governor's War Fund for the relief of victims of air raids on Burma.—A. P.

High Court

APPLICATION TO SET ASIDE CONSENT ORDER

Dismissed On Point Of Procedure

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice (Chagla)

Sir Shapoorji Billimoria & Anr .....Plaintiffs.

vs.,

Dinshaw D. Shroff & Anr. .....defendants.

A special application was made on behalf of the first Defendant to His Lordship on Monday 19th instant to vacate the Consent Order passed by His Lordship on Friday the 16th instant in the above suit for dissolution of partnership by the Court. By that consent Order, the first Defendant undertook not to appear in the Income-Tax Office for any person whomsoever in the name of the well-known firm of Messrs. S. B Billimoria & Co. Registered Accountants and Auditors, but was at liberty to do so in his own name; and the first Plaintiff undertook to write to the Commissioners of Income-Tax withdrawing two letters written by him to them in relation thereto.

The first Plaintiff wrote these letters of withdrawal in which he set out the facts, the undertaking given by the first Defendant, and ultimately stated that "in view of" all this the first Plaintiff withdrew his former letter to each of the Commissioners.

The Advocate-General who made this special application on behalf of the first Defendant contended that the words 'in view of' in the letters of withdrawal conveyed the idea that the two undertakings were dependent on each other and not independent as they were clearly understood by the parties to be, that therefore the first Plaintiff had committed a breach of his undertaking and the Consent Order the 16th inst., should be vacated by His Lordship.

Sir Jamshedji Kanga raised a preliminary objection that no such application could be made merely on affidavit in the same notice of motion even before the Consent Order had been drawn up and that the proper procedure was to take out another notice of motion for the purpose.

His Lordship upheld Sir Jamshedji's preliminary objection as to procedure and dismissed the application with costs.

The Advocate-General instructed by Messrs. Amarchand & Mangaldas appeared for the first Defendant in support of the application.

Sir Jamshedji Kanga instructed by Messrs. Merwanji Kola & Co., appeared for the Plaintiffs to oppose the application.

Mr. R. J. Kolah instructed by Messrs Malvi Ranchoddas & Co., appeared for the Second Defendant.

Receiver In Insolvency Is Not Representative Of Insolvents

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Divatia) D. G. Deshpande, Receiver in the Insolvency of B. D. Irani and T. D. Irani ..... Appellant (Original Plaintiff)

vs.

1. Messrs. H. B. McKerrow & Co., Ltd. (formerly Herbert Son & Co., Ltd.)
2. Dinshaw Merwan Irani ..... Respondents (Original first and second Defendants)

Dinshaw Merwan Irani, B. D. Irani and T. D. Irani were partners in the firm of Messrs. Dinshaw Merwan & Sons, who carried on business at Sachapir Street, Poona. On 15th July 1932, the first-named ceased to be a partner. Between July and August 1935 the firm purchased goods from the first Respondent company who on 23rd January 1936 obtained a decree for Rs. 419-11-0 being the price of such goods. On 23rd November 1935 B. D. Irani and T. D. Irani filed their Insolvency Petitions and on 20th March 1936, the Appellant was appointed Receiver of their estates. In execution of their decree the first Respondent attached one-third of the sale proceeds of the shop of Dinshaw Merwan & Sons as the share of Dinshaw Merwan, the only solvent partner. The Receiver thereupon filed the present suit to recover back its amount on the ground that Dinshaw Merwan was not a partner in the firm against which the decree was passed and that the first Respondents could claim nothing from the assets of the firm as belonging to him.

The Subordinate Judge at Poona decreed the suit but the Assistant Judge of Poona in first appeal reversed this decree on the ground that the suit was not maintainable in view of Section 47 of the Code of Civil Procedure under which all questions relating to the execution of a decree between the parties to a suit or their representatives in law can be decided only by the executing Court in execution proceedings and not by a separate suit. From this reversal of decree, the Receiver appealed to the High Court.

Counsel for the Appellant argued that the Receiver was not a representative of the Insolvents but of the creditors (Kashi Prasad vs. Miller, 7 All. 752), and that the Receiver could go behind and challenge any decree to which the Insolvents may have submitted themselves (In re. Van Laun, (1907) 2 K B. 23), and that therefore the question arising in this suit was neither one relating to the execution of decree nor was it between the representatives of parties to the former decree so as to be barred by Section 47. He further submitted that the original decree against the firm was a collusive one.

His Lordship upheld these arguments of Counsel for the Appellant and further submitted that in any event, even under Section 47 itself the lower Court had the power to treat this suit as an application in execution and so the suit should not have been dismissed. His Lordship was of the opinion that it was true that the question whether a person was a representative or not had under Section 47 to be decided by the executing Court, but that would apply only to questions of fact and not to questions of law as in this case. His Lordship therefore set aside the order of the lower appellate court dismissing the suit and remanded the matter to the District Court.

Mr. Fardunji B. Vachha instructed by Mr. M. B. Anklesaria appeared for the Appellant.

Mr. G. B. Murdeshwar appeared for the Respondents.

PROHIBITION ACCUSED RELEASED ON BAIL.

Baxulla Madarbux and Isak Ismail, who it is alleged were found in possession of illicit liquor at Haines Road, Bombay, early this morning were arrested by the police and placed before Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, who ordered them to be released on bail to-day.

Hajis Arrive At Karachi

NEW DELHI, Jan. 27.

The second pilgrim ship, returning with 1375 pilgrims from Jedda, has arrived at Karachi.—A. P.

ROWDYISM AT CITY CINEMA

Injured Manager Removed To Hospital: Police Effect 20 Arrests

..To the comedy, romance and mirth at the Roxy Cinema where "Jhoola" has already had a peaceful five-weeks' run, was added a scene of tragedy on Tuesday evening when a section in the auditorium suddenly raised a commotion and stones and missiles flew at the silver screen and tore it to tatters. The Manager, Sorabji Maneckji Vazifdar, was the victim of assaults and had to be removed to hospital with serious stab wounds while door-keeper Rele escaped with minor injuries.

The reason for the sudden outburst of rowdyism is said to be the sequel to love scene where the boatman and a gipsy girl sing and dance. Twenty persons were taken into custody by the police.

In the Roxy Cinema "Jhoola" is being shown for the last five weeks and till Tuesday there was no untoward incident, though the picture must be drawing crowded houses day after day. Nor does it appear there was any representation made to authorities raising any objection to any part of the picture.

On Tuesday afternoon when the first show was going on a section of the audience began to shout in the house and raised cries that a particular scene in the picture hurt their religious feelings. Shouting soon developed into a veritable pandemonium and many persons rushed to the screen and "attacked" it with stones. The screen was torn and confusion reigned supreme for nearly 20 minutes.

Mr. Sorabji, the manager and Anant Rele, the doorkeeper, tried to pacify the audience but were rewarded with assault and were immediately removed to the J. J. Hospital.

Soon after the news of the trouble reached the police and a party under Inspector Kothawala, Deputy Inspector Rane and Sub-Inspector Surpure of the Lamington Rd. Police Station rushed to the scene and surrounded the cinema. Twenty persons were put under arrest by the police.

After half an hour the show was again resumed under strong police 'bandobust.'

MURDER OF CIRCLE INSPECTOR'S WIFE

One To Die Another To Suffer 3 Years' R. I.

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The case in which the High Court ordered a notice to be served on Shantabai alias Subhadrabai Purshottam alias Bandu Ganesh Kaulgi to show cause why the sentence of three years' rigorous imprisonment passed upon her by the Sessions Judge of Sholapur under Section 201 of I.P.C. (concealing the evidence of murder) should not be enhanced, came up for hearing before the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Sen at the Bombay High Court to-day.

While bearing a criminal appeal filed by the accused and her lover on January 7, the High Court confirmed the death sentence passed upon the husband for the murder of the wife of the Circle Inspector of Pandharpur, and simultaneously issued a notice against Shantabai for the enhancement of the sentence of imprisonment passed upon her by the lower court.

After hearing the advocate of Shantabai and the Government Pleader, their Lordships held that as the accused had already been an undertrial prisoner for about a year it was not necessary to enhance the sentence.

The sentence passed earlier was thus left unaltered.

C. P. Quadrangular

NAGPUR, Jan. 27.

The second match in the C. P. and Berar Quadrangular Cricket Tournament commenced this morning between the Parsis and Hindus (last year's champions).

Scores:

PARSIS First Innings 145 (S. Mehta 38).

HINDUS: 153 for five wickets (Pandurang Naidu 55 not out).—A. P.

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

Bombay, January 27

Yarn No. 6 1/2s.	February	219	April	218
June 217.				
Yarn No. 10 1/2s.	February	238	April	237
June 236				
Yarn No. 20 1/2s.	February	365	April	339
June 330.				
Yarn No. 40s.	February	535	April	530
June 525.				

Quotations for 6 1/2s, 10 1/2s, 40s, are nominal.

EXTRA RACES FOR WAR GIFTS FUND

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Stewards have decided to hold 3 extra Race Meetings on 30th March, 4th and 6th April ,1942 in aid of the War Gifts Fund.

Programme for these 3 extra Race Days will be published in due course.

HARD COURT TENNIS Results Of Tuesday's Events

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

In the Bombay Presidency Hard Court Tennis Tournament F. Bekkevold had to concede a set to I. N. Laljee before he could qualify for the Quarter Finals. R. N. Pandit made short work of R. N. Gundil and enter the Quarter. M. V. Bobjee entered the Quarter by defeating M. Bhandari by a convincing margin. Maharaja of Baroda and Ghaus Mohamed had things their own way.

In the Ladies events Miss L. M. Merchant accounted for Miss Moir with ease. Miss F. F. Talyarkhan and Mrs. Kania qualified for the Semi Finals.

The results of the day's events are:—

GENT'S SINGLES:— Rajkumar of Jath defeated Udaysingrao Gaekwad 6-3, 6-1; P. N. Bal defeated K. L. Mirchandani, 6-1, 3-6, 6-2; C. M. Khathau defeated C. P. Halkati, 6-2, 6-2; R. N Pandit dereated R. N. Gundir, 6-1, 6-2; F. Bekkevold defeated I. N. Laljee, 4-6 6-3, 6-3; M. V. Bobjee defeated M. Bhandari, 6-4, 6-1.

GENT'S DOUBLES:— Maharaja of Baroda and Ghaus Mohamed defeated J. J. Ghia and S. H. Thakhore, 6-1, 6-1; P. N. Bal and Harimohan defeated H J. Talyarkhan and K. J. Vakil, 6-2, 6-3; R. N. Pandit and M Bhandhari beat C. M. Khathau and R. M Khathau 7-5, 6-3; H N. Contractor and R. F. Vakharia beat R. Sanghani and J. R. Sanghani, 6-4, 6-3; I. N. Laljee, and P. F. Vakharia beat D. N. Khadke and Fazalbhoy, 6-1, 6-3.

MIXED DOUBLES:— Miss K. Haji and M. Bobjee beat Miss Moir and O. Sutton 6-1, 6-2; Mrs. Massey and Ghaus Mohamed W. O. L. M. Khathau and partner; Miss Woodbridge and A. Gupta W. O. D. Poir Miss N. Chaiwalla and G. Habib W. O. C. Poir, Rajkumar of Jath and Mrs. Bartlett W. O. E. Poir.

LADIES' SINGLES:— Miss L. M. Merchant beat Miss Moir, 6-0, 6-1; Mrs. Barlett beat Miss M. Janghrani, 6-4, 6-0.

LADIES' DOUBLES:— Miss F. F. Talyarkhan and Mrs. Kania beat Miss M. Janghrani and partner, 6-3, 6-4.

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME

COURT NO. 1:— 3-30, Ghaus Mohamed vs. Rajkumar of Jath. 4-15, Miss K Haji and M. V. Bobjee vs. Miss N. Chaiwalla and G. Habib, 5-0, Mrs. Massey and Ghaus Mohamed vs. Mrs. Stanton and F. Bekkevold.

COURT NO. 2:— 3-30, J. Charanjiva vs. S. Harimohan, 4-15, Mrs. W. A. Bell and R. F. Strand vs. Miss L. Woodbridge and A. C. Gupta, 5-0, Mrs. Bartlett and Rajkumar of Jath vs. Miss L. M. Merchant and J. Charanjiva.

COURT NO. 3:— 4-15, R. N. Pandit vs. C. M. Khathau, 5-0, G. D. Bhagat and M. V. Bobjee vs. C. H. Banker and S. P. Kapadia.

COURT NO. 4:— 3-30, R. K. Sanghani vs. G. D. Bhagat, 4-15, R. N. Bhagwat and J. N. Tibra vs. N. E. Patel and Khrisnaswami 5-0, Miss Leela Row vs. F. Player.

LIGHT-HEAVY-WEIGHT BOXING IN ENGLAND

LONDON, January 27

Giving a display of devastating sledge-hammer punching Sergeant Freddie Mills, of the Royal Air Force beat Tom Reddington, of Salford, the referee stopping the fight in the 9th round in which Reddington had been down for 4 counts of eight and was on his knees again.

Mills thus becomes the leading challenger to Len Harvey's British and Empire Heavyweight Titles.

After the fight, which was held in aid of the Royal Airforce Benevolent Fund, Promoter John Muldoon announced that Mills and Jock McAvoy had signed to meet in a 12-round final eliminator for the Light-heavy-weight Championship, on February 23. The Winner to meet Len Harvey for World, British and Empire light-heavyweight Titles.

One anonymous sportsman bidding at the auction in aid of the fund, paid 400 sterling and received only one original Churchill cigar. He actually paid 190 sterling for six, but only kept 1 himself, while he also paid 210 sterling for a miniature glove signed by famous champions which was also sent back for auction.—Reuter

Tukaram More Chorge a Hindu youth was arrested last night by the Nagpada police for it is alleged, outraging the modesty of a three year old girl.

The accused was ordered to be enlarged on bail at the Mazagaon Police Court to-day.

1 lb. Tins.
½ lb. Packets
Airtight
Sold everywhere.

Rich milk, pure butter, golden wheat and glucose for energy make Parle's GLUCO Biscuits ideal fare for growing children. Delicious in taste, perfectly baked. Get some to-day.

Try also our MONACO, VITA MALT, MARIE.

ALWAYS CRISP AND OVEN-FRESH

ASPET

The Half-Column
By "Dim"

Here is what an outstanding Indian journalist, Pothan Joseph, says on History and Films in the Rationalist's Association's Magazine "REASON" I think every Indian producer should read it with care. "There is a vast No-Man's Land lying between Mythology and History, a region where facts are mingled with allegories and language itself is used as an enigma for elucidation by the learned. While we draw upon the past for instruction, are we not apt to carry waste-loads with us encumbering progress? Take for instance, the cinema industry which in India is drawing heavily on the primitive past and working on scenarios made out of mythological cavalcades.....

* * * *

If the picture houses of Chung-king gave large displays about the glories of the Mink Dynasty, the Chinese would be as doped with primeval ideas as they were once with opium; their heart would not be in the fight for emancipation they are waging today. We should be buoyed up with the newer life the larger hope; and if our cinema or theatre is subtly converted into places of bhajans and seances by over-emphasis of the religious 'motif' then we are creating another fissure in our common life. Those who act on the stage and help in the art should, in my opinion, let the dead past bury its dead, and act, in the living present. There are so many vital and vibrant themes common to all which we can develop instead of bemusing ourselves and crawling back of the dim past for inspiration. The cinemachine in Russia is as good as a university for the masses, because the producers instruct and entertain; if they had gone on fiddling over past glories (for infamies) about Holy Russia, about Peter the Great and Catherine the Great they would still have been in the state of 'moujiks' flogged with the knout and occasionally served with a little vodka to awaken them into a greater sensitiveness to the infliction of fresh pain. Let subjects pertaining to the mythological and the mediaeval cease to be the main plank of popular catering in our country because I am afraid the dragon's teeth are being already sown through this medium of public instruction. Let us be more under the influence of reformism than obscurantism.

* * *

Have you seen the picture in the local papers of those who were present at the Parsee Youth Conference? If the front row of the picture is anything like youth then I suppose, youth only ends after sixty. Consequently I was touched at seeing the emphasis laid at the Conference on physical development. Rejuvenation on a grand scale is what these youths need. I didn't attend the Conference because I felt I was too young for it as yet.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London: January 27.

The London Stock Exchange was dull today.

3 1/2 PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London: January 27.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £101 13/16

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

London: January 27.

5 per cent 1958/68 (£101 1/4) £101 1/4

BRITISH FUNDS

3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £83 1/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £107 3/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £100
4 per cent Funding Loan £115 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £105 3/16
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £101 5/8
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds £113 1/4

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors 16-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 37-4 1/2
Electric Music Industry 14-3
Princhin Johnson 21-10 1/2
Imperial Chemicals 32-10 1/2
Woolworth New Ordinary 55-4 1/2
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rate £75 1/2
Dundee 29-5

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES.

MARCH.

New York: January 27.

Previous closing 19.33
To-day's opening 19.40
Differences ..... +7
To-day's closing ..... not received.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York: January 27.

Following are the New York opening ranges:—

March, May and July not received

LONDON COMMODITIES.

London: January 27.

SEEDS.

Castorseeds January/February (£20 3/4 sellers) £20 3/4 sellers
Linseed Bombay/Calcutta January/February (£20 3/4 sellers) £20 3/4 sellers
Linseed La Plata January/February (£18 3/4 sellers) £18 7/8 sellers
Groundnut Coromandal Coast January/February (£19 3/8 sellers) £19 3/8 sellers

JUTES.

Dundee October/November unquoted.
Lightning October/November unquoted.

RUBBER

Spot December unquoted.
Forward December unquoted.

LONDON METALS

Tin No market.
Electric Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES.

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York: January 27.

Previous closing 4.03 3/4
To-day's opening ..... not received

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London: January 27.

Previous closing ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

LONDON BULLION.

London: January 27.

London Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON SILVER

London: January 27.

Spot (23 1/2d.) 23 1/2d.
Forward (23 9/16d.) 23 9/16d.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay not quoted.
New York on Milan not quoted.
New York on Bombay (30.36) 30.35
London on Shanghai unavailable.
London on Kobe not quoted

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
4 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
6 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent.

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay: January 27.

There was no trading during night session.

LINSEED AND WHEAT

Bombay, January 27

Linseed May	Rs.	9	2 6
Wheat January		5	12 6
Wheat May		6	12 9

Unilever Ordinary 30-0
Ford Motors 25-9
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £68 1/2
British American Tobacco Ordy £4 1/8
Carreas 'A' £5 11/16
Imperial Tobacco Ordy £6 11/16
P and O Defd 28-1 1/2
Distillers 74-6
Bredfords Dye 10-0
British Celanese 7-3
J and P Coates 36-4 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary 34-3
Fine Cotton Spinners 6-9
Vickers Limited Ordinary 16-9
Inter Nickel dol 43 5/8
Indian Iron 46-3

TEA SHARES

Assam 16-10 1/2
Donaro Tea 30-0
Empire of India 18-9

JUTE

Barnagore £9

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo-Dutch Rubber 13-3
Gula Kelampong 10-0
Rubber Plant Inv. Trust 18-10 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug 19-4 1/2
Burma Corporation 5-1 1/2
Rio Tintos £8
East Rand Properties £2 1/32
Rand Mines £6 7/8

MINE SHARES

Crown £9 5/8
Associated Portland Cement 53-1 1/2
Trinidad Leasehold 68-1 1/2
Sub-Nigel £7 3/32
Spring Mines Split Shares £1 3/32
Union Corporation 147-6

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian 36-3
Anglo-India 49-4 1/2
Burma Oil £2 13/32
Mexican Eagle 12-9
Shell Transport £2 1/2
Royal Dutch £18

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary £44 1/4
London Midland Ordinary £18 1/4
London North Eastern Defd £2 3/8
London Southern Defd £16 1/4
London Transport 5 per cent £130
London Transport £40 1/2

CALCUTTA SHARE BAZAR

Calcutta: January 27.

The Stock Exchange showed no material alteration to-day. Prices generally ruled steady and business was limited. Cotton shares showed a slight enquiry.

Following are the closing quotations:—

Government Securities: 3 per cent Defence Loan 1949/52 98/4 s lot, 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper 95/2 s lot, 5 per cent Loan 1945/55 108 s lot.

Banks: Central Bank 47/12, Imperial Bank Conty. 379, Reserve Bank 104/8 c t.

Cottons: Benares Cotton and Silk 5/1, Cawnpore Textiles 8/12, Dunbar 231, Kesoram 8/9 ex-div, New Victoria ord 4/9.

Coals: Bhalgora 8.

Jutes: Bally 220, Kinnison 335 ex-div ex-rights, Kamarhatty 467. Nuddea 59 s lot, Reliance 63.

Miscellaneous: Alkali and Chemical Ord 20/10, Mozafferpore Elec 13/8, Shahjahanpur Elec 7, Burn and Co ord 330 s lot, Jessop and Co 18/3, Steel Corpn pref 110, B I Corpn ord 5, Dunlop Rubber 2nd pref 105, Orient Paper 16/2, Sree Gopal Paper 14/12, Star Paper 13/8, Titaghur Paper 19/3, India General Navigation ord 83 s lot.

Sugar Shares: Buland 24/6, Cawnpore 24/10.

Tea Shares: Gielle pref 122, Oodlabari 26/5.

Debentures: 3 1/2 per cent 1955/65 Calcutta Improvement Trust Debs 99/8 s lot; 4 1/4 per cent 1939/54 Alexandra Jute Debs 100 s lot; 5 1/2 per cent 1941/50 Carew and Co 2nd Mortgage Debs 102/8; 5 1/2 per cent 1915/50 Dalhousie Property Debs 102; 7 per cent 1925/45 Waverley Jute Debs 106/8.—A.P.

Colombo Quotations

Colombo: January 27.

Price of rubber in the local market was sheet 55 1/2, crepe 56 1/2. Yesterday's closing price was the same. Copra 48.75. Coconut oil F.O.B. 530.00 sellers.

Share Market: Estate Company of Uva 14, Roeberry Tea 26, West Wardho Tea 11, Kalutara Company 15, Golinda Tea Rubber 6, Gonaadika 2 1/8, Hunuwella Pelmadulla Rubber 17, Mayen-Ceylon Tea Rubber 5, Northwestern 10, Sittawaka Tea Rubber 16/4, Vogan Tea 19, Watapota Rubber Tea 10 1/2, Dickapitiya Tea Rubber 10.

Commercial Companies: British Ceylon Corporation 5 3/4, Ceylon Costores 15, Ceylon Theatres 18 3/4. Colombo Apothecaries 3 3/4.—A. P.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, January 27

Following a rise of 27 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day Rs. 7 higher at Rs. 212/8 for Broach A/M delivery and under moderate buying prices advanced to Rs. 214/8. There was some support from option dealers, but the rise attracted some profit-taking and prices reacted to Rs. 213/8. The market was steady at this level. Later on the market sagged to Rs. 212/8. There was utter absence of any important business and the market was dull. Prices declined to Rs. 211/12 but again improved to Rs. 213/8 on small buying. Towards the close there was professional buying and quotations spurted up to Rs. 214/12. The market finally closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

BROACH April/May	Rs.	214	0	0
BROACH July/August		219	8	0
OOMRA March		168	0	0
OOMRA May		172	4	0
BENGAL March		133	12	0
BENGAL May		136	12	0

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, January 27

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M. G. Bengal U. P.	...	132	129	126	123
M. G. Punjab	...	132	129	126	123
M. G. Rajputana	...	138	135	132	129
M. G. Oomra No. 3	159	156	153	150	
M. G. C. P. No. 1	195	192	189	186	
M. G. C. P. No. 2	172	169	166	163	

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, January 27

	Old.	Ready	Feb.
Bengal Fine	123-26	135/38	...
Berar	142-47	177/79	...
C. P. 1	162-67	192/95	...
C. P. 2	147-52	182/84	...
Khandesh	112-17	135/40	...
Muglai	119-24	137/42	Fine
Broach	133-38	.....	—6
Broach Low	113-23	.....	...

TFJI MANDI PREMIUMS.

Bombay, January 27

Wheat May	0	6	9
Linseed May	0	12	0
Groundnut February	1	6	0
Groundnut May	4	12	0
Castorseeds May	4	8	0
Cottonseed May	2	2	0
Silver 1st settlement	0	10	0
Silver 2nd settlement	1	8	0
Gold 1st settlement	0	12	0

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, January 27

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales.

	2 days.	This year	Last year
Since 1st Sept.			
Khandesh	329	40,166	55,628
Central India	70	12,751	46,874
Barsi and Nagar	502	33,196	53,084
Hyderabad/Gaorani		5,271	18,533
Berar	1,531	108,081	179,063
Central Provinces	2,450	45,624	31,345
Total Oomras	4,882	245,089	386,547
Dholeras	100	16,162	24,149
N W Provinces	.....	1,021	465
Rajputana	.....	378	3,311
Sind-Punjab	5,156	250,908	240,684
Broach	1,350	26,853	10,997
Coompta and Dharwar	.....	6,413	27,164
Western-Northerns	.....	5,956	28,633
Cocoanads	.....	.....	239
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	.....	8,476	522
Total	12,488	464,186	721,711
Arrived by road to 22nd January 1942	.....	57,500	112,250

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F. P. Bales.	1941/42	1940/41
Receipts to date 26-1-42	2757000	2653000
Receipts yesterday 26-1-42	18000	7000
Export to date 19-12-41	.....	585000
Stock at Ports 23-1-42	3320000	3462000
Stock at Interior Towns 9-1-42	.....	3303000
Quantity in sight 19-12-41	.....	6908000

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below New York May 1,127 cent points at 331.

Broach J/A below New York July 1,112 cent points at 331.

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay, January 27

Fine White Java Sugar per cwt:—
Java Ready from Bond Rs. 18-0-0
Indian Sugars Ready:—
Ready (Ordinary) Rs. 18-4-0 to 18-10-0
Ready (Large Grain) Rs. 18-10-0 to 19-5-0
Buland Rs. 19-10-0
Chinai Lisa Rs. 30-8-0
Bombay Group March Delivery Rs. 14-0-0
Tone:—Firm.

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, January 27

Yellow metal sheets	Rs.	99	0	0
Copper sheets	Rs.	103	0	0

Tone:—Steady.

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Sagging Tendency After Opening Steadiness

BOMBAY, Jan. 27.

Encouraging war news from the East, attracted buyers on the local Stock Exchange, where there was some increased activity and steel and textile shares moved up. But at the rise there was no follow up on the buying side and scattered selling and supplied the demand. Though the market was steady there was not any urge as operators are inclined to await developments.

Wall Street market was steady with a moderate business. U. S. Steel shares advanced 7/8 at 54 and Anaconda copper having shares improved 3/4 at 28. General Motors closed 3/4 higher at 32 7/8 dollars.

In the local market Tata Steel Dfd. shares opened at Rs. 1685/- and improved to Rs. 1695 but under realising reacted to Rs. 1675/-. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 312/- and downturned at Rs. 310/-. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1175/- and under scattered buying improved to Rs. 1978/-. Other cotton will shares were also steady with modest enquiry. Associated Cement shares were placed at Rs. 162/-.

There is a general desire to await Government reply and a general meeting will be held on Thursday. Under such uncertain circumstances, there was only scattered business and the attendance was thin.

Towards the close there was absence of any buying and quotations sagged under scattered selling with a quiet tone. Tata Steel Defds. were quoted at Rs. 1655/- and ordinary shares changed hands at Rs. 308/-. Bombay Dyeings were done at Rs. 1162/-. The market is likely to be narrow in the near future. The Exchange will remain entirely closed to-morrow.

It is understood that Directors of the Premier Construction Co. Ltd. have recommended for the year ended 31st December, 1941 on Ordinary shares a Dividend of Rs. 6 (free of Tax) per share (of which Rs. 2-15-0 has already been paid as Interim Dividend) while in the case of Pref. and Second Pref. shares the dividends have been declared at the agreed rate of 6 1/4 per cent half of which has also been already paid as Interim Dividends.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, January 27

Bombay Dyeing (1162) 1176 1178 1167 1172
Century (382) 390 387 385
Central India (350) 351
Kohinoor (485) 491 492 494 490
New Great (275) 275
Simplex (200) 203 202 201
Swadeshi (396) 400 404
Associated Cement (161) 161
Andhra (1862) 1862
Tram Ordinary (140) 140
Tata Hydro (185) 185
Tata Power (1650) 1650
T Steel Defd (1665) 1685 1695 1670 1665 1655
T Steel Ord (308) 312 310 308
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (137) 138
Bellapur (243) 250 248
B Steam (308) 315
B Burma (326) 332 327

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, Jan. 27.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/57 Loan 97-0
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes 95-7
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan 98-4
3 per cent 1949/52 Loan 98-1
4 per cent 1967/70 Loan 109-7
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 102-14
5 per cent War Bonds 100-12
3 per cent 1963/65 Loan 94-6
4 1/2 per cent 1955 Loan 113-0

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 108-1
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 115-8
6 per cent 1955 Mysore 127

CORPORATION DEBENTURE

4 per cent B P T 1947 108-8
4 per cent M Deb 1947 108-4
6 per cent M Deb 1954 126-0
6 per cent K P T 1956 126

Trend: Steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, January 27

LONDON:—
Banks buying 90 days/8t 1/6 9/32 2 months
Banks buying 90 days/8t 1/6 5/16 Three months.
Banks buying 90 days/8t 1/6 5/16 four months.
B. C. RATES:—
T T 1/5 15/16; D D 1/5 15/16
Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32; D D 1/5 31/32
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32; D D 1/6 5/32
NEW YORK:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 332 3/4: D D Rs. 332 3/4.
Banks buying T T Rs. 329 1/2: D D Rs. 327 1/2.
Cross Rates Dol. 4.02 1/2; 3 1/2.
MONTREAL:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2; D D Rs. 302 1/2.
Banks buying T T Rs. 297 1/4; D D Rs. 294 3/4.
Cross Rates Dol. 4.43/47.
JAVA:—
Banks selling T T Gld 55 3/4; D D Gld 56
Banks buying T T Gld 57 1/2; D D Gld 58
Cross Rates Gld 7.58/62.
BERNE:—
Banks selling T T Fcs 126 3/4; D D nil.
Banks buying T T Fcs 131 1/2; D D nil.
Cross Rates Fcs 17.30/40.
STOCKHOLM:—
Banks selling T T K 123; D D K 123
Banks buying T T K 128; D D K 128
Cross Rates K 15.85/95
SINGAPORE:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 157 1/2; D D Rs. 157 1/2.
Banks buying T T Rs. 155; D D Rs. 153
Cross Rates Sh. 2/3 15/16; 2/4
MEXICO:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 67.27; D D Rs. 66.27
Banks buying T T Rs. 63.04; D D Rs. 62.04
Cross Rates Pcs 19.5 21.5.
LISBON:—
Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nominal; D D Esc 7.35 nominal
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55; D D Esc 7.55
Cross Rates Esc 99.80 100.20
NEW YORK:—
Cross Rate Dol. 4.03 3/4.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady dull.
Gold £8-8-0 Ready.
New York Silver 35 1/8
London Silver 23 1/2 Ready; 23 9/16 Forward.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/8 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1/2 per cent.
4 to 6 months 1/2 per cent.
3 to 5 months 3/4 per cent.
9 months 1 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

THE INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, January 27

The market opened higher with a brighter sentiment but the higher prices were not maintained owing to scattered selling. Tata Deferreds opened about Rs. 40 higher at 1665 and declined at one time to 1625 but recovered later to 1635. Tata Ordinaries opened at 307 but finally stood at 304. Bombay Dyeings also were ruling higher in the initial stages at 1135 but later finished at 1120. Indian Irons were steady at 26-14.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange to-day:—
Tata Deferreds (1625) 1665 50 55 25 35
Tata Ordinaries (303) 307 5 6 4 5 4
Tata Ordinary 304: Tata Deferred 1635: Indian Iron 26/14: Steel Corpn of Bengal 15/14: Bombay Dyeing 1120: Central India 331/4: Century 368/12: Gokak 235: Kohinoor 475: Simplex 180: Andhra Valley 1660: Tata Hydro 171/4: Tata Power 1580: Associated Cement 159/8: Belapur 225: Bombay Burma (old) 320.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, January 27

Yesterday London gold was unchanged at £8-8-0. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 3/4 at New York.

London Spot silver was unchanged at 23 1/2d. and forward quotation was also unchanged at 23 9/16d. New York Spot silver was unchanged at 35 1/8 cents. London Bombay Spot silver parity was Rs. 62-10-3 and forward parity was Rs. 62-12-6. The local market was dull with a moderate turnover and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Quotations were as under:—

GOLD

Ready	Rs.	46	10	0
Maha		46	4	0
Sovereigns		33	0	0

SILVER

Ready	70	6	0
Maha	64	10	0

100 Indian Radio Ord.	630	0	
100 Port Canning	84	0	
30 PREMIER CON.	116	0	
15 Scindia	20	8	
25 Tata Oil	51	0	
24 Tata Chemical	14	0	
100 Wimco	208	0	

PREFERENCE

7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1552	0	
6 p.c. Bom. Steam	325	0	
7 p.c. Bom. Tram (T.F.)	76	12	
5 p.c. Central India (T.F.)	627	0	
6 1/4 p.c. Premier Const. 1st	121	0	
6 1/4 p.c. Premier Const. 2nd	116	12	
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	155	0	
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1657	0	
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	205	0	
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	138	0	
7 p.c. Vishnu	746	0	

DEBENTURES

4 p.c. Andhra Valley Deb.	106	12	
4 p.c. Bom. Telephone	50	2	
5 p.c. Morarji	104	0	
5 p.c. Sholapur	73	4	
4 p.c Tata Power Deb	105	8	

Cash quotations were as under:—
BOM. DYEING 1140 CENTURY 372, CENTRAL INDIA 336, COLABA 175, FINLAY 200, GOKAK 242, KOHINOOR 472, MORARJI 460, MYSORE 155, NEW GREAT 260, PHOENIX 472, SIMPLEX 180, SWADESHI 390, SWAN 202, ASSOCIATED 158, ANDHRA VLY. 1665, BOM. TRAM 137, TATA HYDRO 173, TATA POWER 1580, SHIVRAJPUR 33-0, TATA STL. DF. 1635, TATA STL. OR. 304, ALCOCK 575, BELAPUR 224, BOM. STEAM 305, BOMBAY BURMA 320, IND. BLEACHING 165, PREMIER CONST. 115.

EXECUTOR & TRUSTEESHIP

This is one of the many services which

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

renders to its customers through

THE CENTRAL BANK EXECUTOR & TRUSTEE CO., LTD. ...

A Subsidiary Company of the Bank.

Full particulars can be obtained from

THE CENTRAL BANK EXECUTOR & TRUSTEE CO., LTD.
Central Bank Building,
Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

Motor Owners - COME TO THE RESCUE!

Bombay's A.R.P. Services need—

PRIVATE CARS — WITH AMATEUR DRIVERS OR PROFESSIONAL DRIVERS

MOTOR CYCLES — WITH AMATEUR DRIVERS

LORRIES — WITH OR WITHOUT DRIVERS, AND WITH OR WITHOUT COOLIE GANGS

VANS — WITH OR WITHOUT DRIVERS

DRIVERS — PROFESSIONAL OR AMATEUR. VEHICLES WILL BE PROVIDED

THE NEED IS GREAT AND URGENT

An unlimited number of vehicles, drivers and coolie gangs, are wanted for enrolment NOW as a supplement to the existing A.R.P. Forces. Upon these auxiliaries much of the work of Rescue, First Aid and Despatch-riding in the event of a raid on Bombay must largely fall. With the exception of a minimum of initial training and rehearsal, these auxiliaries will be called out only in an emergency.

EXPENSES PAID Petrol and oil for all vehicles will be provided by Government. Government will also be liable for any damage caused directly or indirectly by enemy action, and for any damage caused during a practice where the insurer's liability does not extend to A.R.P. Exercises and Practices. It is hoped that Lorry and Van Owners will offer their vehicles free of charge, but alternatively Government will pay hire for those vehicles for the hours they are on duty.

PRIVATE CARS These will be posted to A.R.P. Depots and First Aid Posts and will be chiefly used for the conveyance of sitting casualties—i.e. slightly injured persons who must be taken home or to hospital.

MOTOR CYCLES These will be posted to A.R.P. Depots, or to the Control Centre, Operational Headquarters, the Secretariat, etc., to act as Despatch-riders.

LORRIES These are required for the conveyance of the equipment and crews of Rescue Parties whose job it is to rescue persons trapped in demolished buildings, and as auxiliary ambulances (if suitable).

VANS These are wanted as auxiliary Ambulances.

DRIVERS Professional Drivers are invited to register their names for emergency service. They will be paid part-time rates for the hours spent on duty. Volunteer amateur drivers are also required.

COOLIES — particularly those accustomed to building and demolition work—are needed to supplement the personnel of the Rescue Service. Volunteers will be paid the advertised spare time rates and trained as Rescue men. It will be much appreciated if Lorry Owners can persuade their regular coolie gangs to enroll for these duties.

TRAINING For all vehicles and all volunteers there will be occasional rehearsals to test the speed with which the A.R.P. Services can rally. These practices will not last more than half an hour or an hour. Drivers, whether amateur or professional, are required to undergo initial instruction in A.R.P. work lasting about three hours.

PROCEDURE IN EMERGENCY Either on receipt of the Preliminary Caution, or, if this is not possible, on the sounding of the Alarm, vehicles and volunteers will proceed to their appointed posts and act on the orders received there. They will be released as quickly as possible after the raid is over, but in the event of continuous raiding they will have to be on duty for a definite period out of the 24 hours. Shifts will be arranged on a roster system. Lorries and coolie gangs will, in any event, be required to work on a shift basis due to the length of time it will take to comb out wrecked buildings for casualties.

WRITE TO OR CALL ON A.R.P. HEADQUARTERS NOW—STATING WHAT YOU ARE ABLE TO OFFER

A.R.P. CAR

Issued by A.R.P. Headquarters, Council Hall (Opp. Regal Cinema), Bombay.

THE INCORPORATED SECRETARIES ASSOCIATION

(INDIA)

(10, NISBET ROAD, LAHORE).

EXAMINATIONS from 18th to 20th May, 1942 will be held in LAHORE, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS and such other centres as may be fixed hereafter.

Admission Forms for the examination must reach the Secretary of the Association or its Local Representatives on or before the 15th March, 1942.

Candidates must have obtained exemption from the Preliminary Examination and must be Registered Students of the Association. Forms for these as well as Examination Admission Forms and copies of the Syllabus can be had from the Secretary of the Association or its Representatives.

HONORARY REPRESENTATIVES

FOR BOMBAY:	FOR BENGAL:	FOR MADRAS:
Mr. R. P. DALAL, F.S.A.A., R.A., Incorporated Accountant, Trafford House, Prescott Road, BOMBAY.	Mr. S. N. MUKERJI, M.A. (Com.), Manager, Dabur Ltd., 142 Rash Behari Avenue, Kalighat, CALCUTTA.	Mr. T. S. KUNJITHA PATHAM, B.A., Q.D.A., R.A., Registered Accountant, 25-A, Thambu Chetty St., MADRAS.

MUTT AND JEFF—What's the Dif? It Takes Just as Much Hot Air Anyway — By BUD FISHER

"GOOD SECONDHAND BASS HORN FOR SALE." NOW THERE'S SOMETHING WE CAN BUY WITH YOUR TWENTY BUCKS!
BUT I DON'T KNOW HOW TO PLAY A BASS HORN!
10-1
YOU DON'T HAVE TO! I DO, AND I THINK I KNOW WHERE WE CAN FIND WORK!
ME AND MY PARTNER WOULD LIKE AN AUDITION!
O. K. WHAT DOES THE LITTLE GUY PLAY?
OH, WE BOTH PLAY THE BASS HORN AT THE SAME TIME!
AT THE SAME TIME? HOW?
LIKE THIS!
UMPA
PA
PA
PA

WELCOME

Shanta Apte

★THE GOLDEN VOICE OF THE SILVER SCREEN COMES BACK TO DELIGHT THE HEARTS OF HER UNTOLD ADMIRERS

IN

CIRCO PRODUCTIONS'

APNA-GHAR

(IN HINDI & MARATHI)

●

Starring

SHANTA APTE
CHANDRAMOHAN
MAYA BANERJI, JAGDISH Etc.

●

Directed by: DEBAKI BOSE.

●

COMING SOON!!

Watch for the Date & Theatre.

ALEXANDER KORDA presents

MERLE OBERON

A magnificent love drama
A UNITED ARTISTS RELEASE

NEW EMPIRE 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m

Free list entirely suspended

YOUR Favourite Star in HER Favourite Role!

in

LEELA CHITNIS
Co-starred with
ASHOK KUMAR

BOMBAY TALKIES' Champion Musical Comedy

JHOOLA

TO-DAY and Sunday Matinee 11-45 a.m.

Daily: 3, 6-30, 9-45 p.m.

ROXY

3 THIRD THRILLING WEEK

TO-DAY MATINEE AT 1-30 P.M.

HE RUBS SHOULDERS WITH HUMANITY!

NEW THEATRES' UNIQUE ACHIEVEMENT!

DOCTOR

Starring:
BHARATI DEVI, PUNKAJ, JYOTIPRAKASH, PANNA, AHINDRA CHOWDHURY etc.,

AT

NEW WEST END

Daily: 4, 7, & 9-45 P.M.

CAPITOL

'Phone 20422

TO-DAY—MOHURUM at 3-30 & 6-30 p. m.

FROM TO-MORROW Nightly at 6-30 & 9-30

Grand STAGE Show

ALL-STAR NON-STOP VARIETY

MIRTH, MAGIC, MELODY!

Prices: Rs. 4-8, 3-6, 2-4, 1-2 & As. 9

Plans open. Book EARLY

HEAVY SPECULATIVE BUYING IN N. Y. COTTON

Prospects Of Early Enactment Of Control Bill

ADMINISTRATOR TO BUY OR SELL TO CHECK INFLATION

BOMBAY, Jan. 27.

On Monday New York cotton prices reached new high levels under heavy speculative and trade buying induced by prospects of early enactment of the Control Bill.

After three major revisions the Price Control Bill was taken up on Monday for the final congressional journey in the House of Representatives. The bi-cameral compromise permits price administrators to buy sell commodities on the open market to check inflation. Such a compromise is bound to have a considerable effect on the price. Structure of agricultural produce.

NEW YORK MARKET.

Cotton prices declined during the early part on Monday on the New York Cotton Exchange on hedging against commodity credit Corporation releases. Thereafter prices touched new high levels on active mill price fixing. Wall Street and New Orleans buying induced by prospects of early enactment of the Control Bill despite some opposition. However the advance above 19.50 for July attracted increased profit taking. southern selling.

At the opening March was quoted 8 points down at 18.98 which was the lowest level for the day. There was persistant buying and March advanced 37 points from the opening level and was quoted 19.35 which was the highest level. The market finally closed at a net rise of 20 to 19 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 28 points at 20.87c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was very steady and under increased buying closed at a rise of 27 to 21 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 29 points at 19.94c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Friday's releases 35,000 bales of Sudan, 5,347 of Nigerian cotton arriving between the end of January and mid-February.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest (2-55 p.m.) ..... 19.35+29
New York March lowest (10 a.m.) ..... 18.98—08

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York: Heavy trade and speculative buying. Market firm.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, January 26

March	19.33+27
May	19.48+29
July	19.53+22
October	19.64+20
December	19.67+19
January	19.70+19
Middling Spot	20.87+29

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, January 26

March	19.42+27
May	19.53+27
July	19.63+23
October	19.83+21
December	19.89+21
Middling Spot	19.94+29

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, January 26
December, March and May not quoted.

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, January 26
Day's receipts at all U S ports 18,000 bales

LONDON SILVER
London, January 26

Spot	23 1/2
Forward	23 9/16

LONDON GOLD
London, January 26
Gold Bars Fine per oz £8-8-0

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, January 26
T. T. London on :—

New York	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
Madrid	40.50
Montreal	4.43/4.47
Berne	17.30/17.40
Stockholm	16.85/16.96

LONDON SEEDS
London, January 26

Rozario Santa Fe	22/7 1/2
Barletta Russo	22/9
South Australian	unquoted

LONDON RUBBER
London, January 26
London smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb ..... unquoted

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, January 26

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	unreceived
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	unquoted
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£101 13/16
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£83 1/8
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£107 3/8
War loan 3 1/2 per cent	£106 3/16
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£115 1/4
Victory bonds 4 per cent	£113 1/4
Chartered Bank of I A and China	unreceived
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London reg)	unreceived
National Bank of India	unreceived

YARN AND SILK MERCHANTS QUOTATIONS
Bombay, January 27

64/2 Kore Nissin	Spot	25	0 0
84/2 Koru Nissin	Spot	37	0 0
54/2 Any	Spot	2	9 6
80/2 Any	Spot	2	15 6
150 Any	Spot	3	7 6

Sir S. RADHAKRISHNA to attend "BHARAT MILAP" OPENING SHOW

Sir S. RADHAKRISHNA, Kt., M.A. D.Litt., LL.D., F.B.E., Vice Chancellor of the Benares Hindu University has kindly consented to grace the Grand Gala Opening Show of Prakash Pictures "BHARAT MILAP" on coming Saturday at 2-30 P M. at Cinema Majestic, (Girgaum).

EXTRA SHOW—TO-DAY at 10-30 a. m.

REGAL at 4, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.

FRANCHOT TONE IN "THIS WOMAN IS MINE"

2 SONGS!

NEXT FRIDAY:

A UNIVERSAL PICTURE 1E

Plans open. Book TO-DAY.

AGENCIES

If you are not Represented in NORTHERN & SOUTHERN RHODESIA, BELGIAN CONGO and NYASALAND write to:

WOODWARD AGENCIES, Ltd.,
P.O.B. 735, BULAWAYO.
Southern Rhodesia.

WHEN BABY COUGHS IN THE NIGHT

To ease that terrifying night cough without fussing or "dosing", simply rub baby with Vicks VapoRub. Its healing vapours, which he inhales, clear the air-passages, soothe irritation. And, like a poultice, it eases his chest. In a jiffy, baby, and mother, are asleep again. A bedtime rub with VapoRub usually *prevents* night coughing.

VICKS VAPORUB

"Flower Brand"

Magnolia Antifriction WHITE METAL

Agents: BATLIBOI & Co.,

Forbes Street, Fort, BOMBAY

In Aid of the BEGGARS HOME

"GRANITE"

English Drama by C. DANE

AT

Shree Sunderbai Hall

next to Central Govt. Buildings Queens Road

ON

Jan. 30th and 31st

Tickets at M/s. S. Rose & Co.

RATES Rs. 3/6; Rs. 2/4; Rs. 1/2

EXCELSIOR

4, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.

Errol FLYNN and Eve GRAY in the thrilling drama

MURDER AT MONTE CARLO

A Warner Bros. Film

Holiday Matinee To-day at 1 p.m.

of

'Khazanchi'

THE MOST POPULAR MUSICAL

43rd WEEK

KRISHNA

Daily 4, 7, 9-45 p.m.

ZANANA SHOW TO-MORROW: 1 P.M.

TO-DAY MATINEE at 1-30 P.M.

ITS FRAGRANCE CHARMS ALL BOMBAY!

Applauded By Congress Leaders—

ASHOK PICTURES' Pastoral Romance!

CHANDAN

Starring:
KANTA, NAZIR, MAYADEVI, ASHIK HUSEIN, BABY LALITA, W. M. KHAN.

3 THIRD GREAT WEEK AT

LAMINGTON

Daily: 4, 7, & 10 P.M.

GRAND GALA OPENING

ON COMING SATURDAY

A GREAT THEME DEPICTING THE LIFE AND SACRIFICE OF SHREE RAMCHANDRA, THE HERO DIVINE OF RAMAYAN.

PRAKASH'S GOLDEN PRODUCTION

BHARAT MILAP

BHARAT BHET HINDI MARATHI

Direction: VIJAY BHATT

Starring: DURGA KHOTE, SHOBHANA SAMARTH, SHAHU MODAK, PREM ADIB, VIMLA VASISTHA, NIMBALKAR etc.

EVERGREEN RELEASE

SATURDAY 31-1-42:— GRAND GALA OPENING-DAY

SPECIAL TIMINGS:—

1st. Show At: 2-30 P.M. (HINDI)
2nd. Show At: 5-45 P.M. (HINDI)
Last Show At: 8-45 P.M. (MARATHI)

Daily At: 2-45 & 5-45 P.M. (HINDI)
Last Show At: 8-45 P.M. (MARATHI)

SATURDAY, SUNDAY & HOLIDAYS MATINEE AT: 11-45 A.M. (MARATHI)

ADVANCE BOOKING FOR UPPER CLASSES
At The Theatre:— 9 to 10-30 A.M.

A STAR PICTURE FROM A STAR PRODUCER!

ATRE PICTURES'

SPARKLING TALE OF MARITAL ROMANCE

Raja Rani

Story: PRINCIPAL ATRE

Producer: VANMALA

Direction: NAJAMUL HASAN NAQVI

Starring: VANMALA, MAZHARKHAN, TRILOK KAPOOR

PREMIERE SAT. 7th FEB. at CENTRAL

A 'PEERLESS PICTURES' RELEASE!

NO MASSES NOR CLASSES

ALL HUMANITY IS ONE AND INDIVISIBLE

This is the most exciting picture of the Year

NATIONAL'S GARIB

SURENDRA'S singing and ROSE'S brilliant acting with a strong cast including Veenakumari, Sankatha, Ansari, Kayamali and others.

Place "GARIB" in a class by itself.

Directed by RAMCHANDRA THAKUR

"A MEHBOOB Production"

PREMIERE AT SWASTIK TALKIES (PATHE) ON SATURDAY

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

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Liquid Insecticide
Kills MOSQUITOS, BUGS, etc.

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89, Princess Street, Bombay.

Regd. No. B 1065

Wednesday, January 28, 1942.

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

For BEAUTY & COMPLEXION USE

SOLE AGENT—
PATANWALA L^D BOMBAY.3
Branch: CALCUTTA.

CHINESE TECHNICIANS ARRIVE IN BURMA

White Book On Japanese Plot Against N. E. I.

RANGOON, Jan. 27.

It is learned to-day that a number of highly trained Chinese technicians lent to the Government of Burma by Marshal Chiang-Kai-shek and an advance party of specialised Chinese labourers have arrived in Burma and will be under the command of General Yu, head of the Chinese Military Mission in Rangoon.

A special Civil Officer responsible for the Rangoon area described the Chinese technicians and labourers as first class specialists in their job, both mechanical and handling tasks connected with the assembly and port clearance of machinery and other war materials. Further contingents are expected in Burma shortly.

It is also learned that Doctor Scudder (American) arrived in Burma at the head of a medical mission from Madras, sent to supplement the emergency medical services in Burma. He has under him a number of Indian Doctors, Nurses and other staff.

Mass meetings are being held in Districts all over Burma condemning Japanese killings and indiscriminate bombings and repudiating the Japanese claim to be Buddhists and thanking Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek for sending Chinese troops for the defence of Burma.—A. P.

White Book Issued On Jap Conspiracy

BATAVIA, Jan. 27.

How Japanese diplomats, scientists and businessmen cooperated in pre-war efforts to undermine Dutch sovereignty in N.E.I. is described in a White Book issued on Monday by Government here.

The book says individuals, banks, shipping companies, representatives of official institutions and army and navy officers assisted.

The preparations go back to the last war when Japanese fishermen traders settled in only strategically important points.

Since 1933 propagandists had been using a whispering campaign trying to arouse racial differences. Thousands of examples of espionage throughout the Archipelago are given.

The Kobayashi Trade Mission came with secret orders to persuade the N. E. I. to break with Britain and the United States. The mission also tried to acquire raw materials and share in their production.

When Mr. Kobayashi failed he was replaced by Mr. Yoshizawa who prolonged the discussions another year thereby allowing as many members as possible of the Japanese army and Navy Departments to visit the islands to prepare their military plans.

The Consulate-General in Batavia had secret rooms one of which housed a wireless transmitter with which agents maintained touch with Tokyo.

That the Indonesians were not affected by the propaganda is proved by the spontaneous, united reaction of the country at the outbreak of the Pacific war, the book concludes.

Terrible Jap Shipping Losses

WASHINGTON, January 27.

The following is the text of the Navy Department communique based on reports up to 4 p.m. on Monday:

FAR EAST: United States' naval forces have scored further successes against Japanese convoys in Macassar Strait.

Heavy hits on enemy destroyers and transports have been effected. While it is still impossible to estimate the total damage inflicted by our combat vessels, the known results are substantial.

Additional reports to the Navy Department of the continuing action state that an American submarine has torpedoed an enemy aircraft carrier which is believed to have sunk.

Dispatches also advise that another United States' motor torpedo boat under command Ensign George Cox sank 5,000 ton enemy vessel in a second torpedo boat raid close into Subic Bay.

The communique continues, "the attack succeeded in the face of heavy fire at close range from enemy shore batteries and machine-gun fire from a Japanese ship.

The motor torpedo boat penetrated waters adjacent to its objective despite net and boom defence laid down by the enemy. Participating in the attack with the Ensign Cox were Lieutenant John D. Bulkeley, M.T.B. Squadron Commander and Lieutenant (Junior Grade) Edward G. Delong, Squadron Engineer.

There is nothing to report from other areas."—Reuter.

Japs Using 20 Divisions In Pacific

CHUNGKING, January 27.

Reuter's special correspondent cables from Chungking Chinese Military Quarters estimate that the Japanese are now using about 20 divisions—5,00.000 men—in the South-west Pacific.

These are disposed as follows: Malaya five divisions, Philippines six divisions, Thailand four divisions—for action against Burma—New Guinea and Dutch East Indies three divisions and French Indo-China two divisions.—Reuter.

JAPS FLEEING TOWARDS SHUMCHUN

CHUNGKING, January 27.

Chinese forces east of Canton are continuing their advance towards the frontier of Kowloon-Hong Kong mainland territory now in Japanese hands.

Today's Chinese Official communique says "Chinese forces after occupying Tamshui, advanced south-west pursuing Japanese troops.

Japanese remnants are fleeing towards Shumchun with Chinese close on their heels."—Reuter.

INDIANS IN SHANGHAI AND JAPAN SAFE

NEW DELHI, Jan. 27.

According to a message received from the International Red Cross Committee, Genera, the Indian community in Shanghai and Japan is safe.—A. P.

IRAN PARLIAMENT RATIFIES TREATY

TEHERAN, Jan. 27.

The Iran Parliament today ratified the Anglo-Soviet-Iran Treaty by 80 votes to five with eight abstentions.—Reuter.

Telegrams Liable To Enemy Interception

NEW DELHI, January 26.

Private telegrams to places other than Egypt and Eden can only be sent by wireless, and since these are liable to interception by the enemy, any private telegram which contains information of value to the enemy cannot be transmitted, says a Press Note.

As far as possible the senders will be informed when their telegrams are stopped for this reason. The pbulic should omit from their telegrams the information which might be useful to the enmey.—A. P.

WILL CONTINUE STUDIES IN INDIA

NEW DELHI, Jan. 27.

It is understood that the Government of India are in communication with the provincial Governments concerned regarding the provision of facilities to students evacuated from Burma and Malaya to continue their studies in schools, colleges and universities in the various provinces of India.—A. P.

U. P. POLICE FOR BURMA

BAREILLY, Jan. 27.

It is learnt that the Government of the United Provinces are arranging to despatch a selected police force to Burma to obtain a first hand experience under actual bombing condition.—United Press.

Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai, President of the B.P.C.C., addressing the Independence Day meeting at Chowpatty.

Debate On Conscription

Canadian Govt. To Hold Plebiscite On Issue

OTTAWA, Jan. 26.

Mr. MacKenzie King received a long ovation from his followers when he rose to reply to Mr. Hanson, Opposition Leader, on the conscription issue in a speech of some 15,000 words.

He said in all respects Government's and its opponents' policies were identical except on the question of compulsory service outside Canada.

The Prime Minister Mr. MacKenzie King, announced that legislation for a plebiscite on conscription will be introduced at the earliest possible moment.

Special provisions would be made for Canadians on active service to take part in the plebiscite. The people will be asked, "Are you in favour of releasing Government from any obligation arising out of any past commitments restricting methods of raising men for military service?"

Muslim Tribesmen Play Havoc With Japs In Philippines

LONDON, January 27.

Reuter's correspondent with General MacArthur's forces, Batan Peninsula, Philippines cables:—

Contributing to the recent American successes against the Japanese invaders have been harassing activities of bands of 'Moros' local Moslem tribesmen of Arabic descent whose wielding of the 'bolo', a heavy razor-edged sword, is reported already to have wrought disastrous results not only among those enemy who have come within the reach of its heavy blade but also on the morale of others.

An American officer who has just reurned from the south relates that numerous Japanese have fallen to the bolos of the Moros who have established a fruitful practice of raiding Japanese camps after dark.

This, according to the officer, so unnerved the Japanese that in a number of areas around Davao they prefer to return to their ships to sleep.

In many of their recent thrusts the Japanese have been made to pay dearly both in men and equipment.

The battle area as a whole presents strange contrasts recalling the famous line, "Where every prospect pleases and only man is vile."

I have written this despatch seated under the friendly shade of an ancient mango tree where only the distant roar and thud of heavy artillery acts as the reminder that a fierce battle is raging not far away.

We are now in the dry season in Philippines which lies between the months of January and April and days of glorious sunshine are followed by cool nights and starry splendour.

Bivouacked under these ideal conditions the troops lead a healthy and happy life.

Every department of the army—signal cavalry, artillery ordance and medical services are functioning smoothly under active warfare conditions and even the field bakery which is producing over 10,000 loaves daily in the midst of jungle.—Reuter

ABDUL GAFFAR ON WAR DANGER

Call To People To Do Some Active Planning

PESHAWAR, Jan. 26.

Speaking on the occasion of Independence Day, Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan said that the present war had been created by God in order to destroy tyrants. Only those would survive devastation who had suffered oppression bravely and were capable of sterling actions and feared God. As the crisis drew near, it was the duty of all to do some active planning with a view to lessening the approaching suffering and turmoil and save the country as much as possible from troubles.

Khans, Nawabs and other rich people who had always supported Government should give Britain a friendly advice to hand over real power to

INDIA'S NEW C.-in-C.—General Sir Alan Hartley, K.C.S.I., C.B., D.S.O., A.D.C.

India. He also suggested that these people should migrate to villages and live among villagers equally sharing with them both prosperity and adversity. The responsibilities of Khudai Khidmatgars were increasing day by day. They had pledged themselves to the service of humanity and they should fulfil their undertakings without discrimination and prejudice. They should maintain the highest discipline in their organisation. A time of test was approaching, and he hoped that they were all ready.

Dr. Khan Sahib, in a speech, praised the courage of the Russians and said he was convinced of Russia's victory over Hitler's Germany. 'The war', he said, "is leading every country towards a new order. The new order will be nothing but a Socialistic State all over the world. Even America and England cannot escape from the Socialistic order."—A. P. and U. P.

BENARES, Jan. 27.

His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore who is arriving in Benares on pilgrimage early to morrow morning from Patna will be staying with Sir Vijaya Ananda at the Vizianagram Palace. His Highness will remain in Benares for four days.—A. P.

Lyttleton's Assurance

Britain Can Hold Off Axis Threat In Middle East

BAGHDAD, Jan. 27.

"My firm conviction is that we now have sufficient troops and material to hold off any Axis threat in the Middle-east" declared the Minister of State Captain Oliver Lyttleton in an address to a gathering of journalists in Baghdad on Monday. He expressed the opinion that the allied position in the Middle-east was much more secure than ever before. He added that in Libya, the enemy had lost nearly all war material which he had prepared for the the invasion of Egypt and about two-thirds his total fighting strength. The problem before the imperial forces was principally one of supply over the long distance involved.

No Change In Situation

CAIRO.—The Middle East "communique" issued to-day states, "The main battle area is still north and north-east of Msus. There is no change in the situation north of Jedabya. British fighters were very active over the operational area inflicting considerable damage".—Reuter.

SAPRU HAS RECEIVED ONLY FORMAL REPLY SO FAR

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 26.

Interviewed by the Associated Press Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru said that he had received a letter dated January 10 1942 from the Private Secretary to the Viceroy intimating to him that the Secretary of State had telegraphed to the Viceroy to say that he had received the telegram sent by Sir Tej and his co-signatories to the Prime Minister at Washington and that the Secretary of State desired the Viceroy to thank Sir Tej for it.

Sir Tej added that he had received no other communication so far.—A. P.

WITHDRAW ALL SECURITY ORDERS ON NEWSPAPERS

POONA, Jan. 27.

A demand that in view of the changed political situation in the country the Government of Bombay should withdraw all security orders passed upon newspapers and printing presses in the Province was made by the Poona Journalists' Association at its annual meeting held here yesterday evening. —United Press.

TAMPERING WITH TELEGRAPH LINES

KARACHI, Jan. 27.

Fresh incidents of tampering with telegraph wires have occurred in the Sukkur District, according to reports received here. Some lines are reported to have been snapped between Shikarpur and Kot Sultan railway stations and others between Jamrao and Habibkot railway stations.—United Press.

Dr. Lohia Released

BAREILLY, Jan. 27.

Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia was released yesterday from the Bareilly Central Jail after the expiry of his term of imprisonment. He attended the meeting convened to Celebrate the Independence Day.

Soti Braham Sarup of Meerut was also released on the completion of his term from the Bareilly Central Jail.—A. P.

LUCKNOW TO LEAD AGAIN

District Plan For Joint Congress League Action

LUCKNOW, Jan. 27.

The possibility of the Congress and the Muslim League organisations in the Lucknow District joining hands in the work of maintaining internal security was discussed, it now transpires, at great length by Mr. Gopinath Srivastava, Congress, M.L.A., who interviewed Choudhry Khaliquzzaman, the Muslim League leader, in this connection.

In the latter's opinion there appeared no obvious difficulty in this direction and he hoped to be able after consulting Nawab Ismail Khan, President of the U. P. Muslim League, and other friends to further discuss the matter over. The question may also be discussed at the next meeting of the District Congress Committee, when Mr. Srivastava may be in a position to place before the Committee Choudhry Khaliquzzaman's considered and authoritative opinion on the matter.—A. P.

AZAD TO VISIT LAHORE

LAHORE, Jan. 27.

It is understood that Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President, is paying a visit to the Punjab on or about February 10, 1942.—A. P.

Mukundlal Sarkar Arrested

NEW DELHI, Jan. 27.

Mr. Mukandlal Sarkar, Acting General Secretary of the All-India Forward Bloc, was arrested here to-day under Section 18 of the Press Emergency Powers Act, in connection with an alleged objectionable pamphlet published under his name. Earlier the office of the Forward Bloc was searched and some pamphlets were seized, Mr. Sarkar was later enlarged on a bail of Rs. 500.

TWENTY ARRESTS.

About twenty persons belonging to the Forward Bloc were arrested while leading a procession at Laksam yesterday in celebration of the Independence Day.—United Press.

Neogy Elected To Subhas' Seat

CALCUTTA, Jan. 2.

Mr. Kshitish Chandra Neogy was declared elected to-day to the Central Legislative Assembly in the by-election from the Dacca Division Non-Mahommedan Rural Constituency vice Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose. Mr. Neogy secured 4,825 votes while other two candidates, Mr. Aghore Bandhu Guha and Mr. Basanta Kumar Majumdar got 4,658 and 1,094 votes, respectively.

Mr. Neogy was formerly a member of the Central Assembly.—A. P.

JAWAHAR'S THREE-POINTED PROGRAMME TO RAISE EMERGENCY WORKERS

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 26.

"With a stout heart we will meet with any emergency that may arise", said Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru addressing a public meeting here in connection with the "Independence Day" celebrations.

It is idle to ask, he said, if we would allow the Japanese in place of the British, adding that aggression would be resisted from any quarter it came.

A three-pointed programme of Sangathan, putting a responsible representative in each village, and raising volunteers who would rise to any emergency, was the main theme of Pandit Nehru's speech.

He pointed out that the Congress programme before the country was for public service and should mean no conflict with anybody. He said that every organisation irrespective of community or religion could help in this national work.—A. P.

Mild 'Quake Shock In Quetta

QUETTA, January 27.

An earthquake shock of minor intensity and small duration was experienced here at about 5-55 a.m. Some people were roused from their sleep.—A.P.

BEWARE THE DANGER IN DIRT

teach them the LIFEBUOY rule of health!

There is danger in dirt. Your doctor will tell you that *all* dirt carries germs that can be very dangerous to health. A small cut can become septic—a scratch become dangerous—unless it is antiseptically cleansed.

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CHARLIE CHAN — SHE PUT WORDS IN HIS MOUTH — By ALFRED ANDRIOLA

WE HEARD YOUR CONFESSION! I ARREST YOU FOR MURDER!
HE'S ALIVE! GET ME AWAY FROM HERE!
YOU'LL SIGN A STATEMENT AND ADMIT KILLING OLSON AND HENDERSON?
YES... YES! ANYTHING! CONWAY IS DEAD, BUT HE MOVED AND SPOKE! I'M HAUNTED!
IT IS ONLY CONSCIENCE OF GUILTY MAN WHICH IS HAUNTED! AH, MARY! DANTON HAS MADE CONFESSION!
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THEN CHARLIE'S TRICK WORKED!
THAT VOICE! THAT'S CONWAY'S VOICE!
Alfred ANDRIOLA
3-16

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